

MINISTER'S OFFICE,
TRIPURA STATE,
POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

To

His Highness The Bisama-Samara-Bijayee Mahamahodaya

Pancha-Srijukta Maharaja Manikya

BIR BIKRAM KISHORE DEV BARMAN BAHDUR,

Maharaja of Tripura.

Dated, Agartala, the 10th December, 1934.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I have the honour to submit herewith my Report on the General Administration of the State and the attached Zemindaries of which I held charge during the year 1343 T. E., extending from the 14th April, 1933 to the 13th April, 1934.

Reports on the administration of the Military Department as well as of the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce and Industries and Immigration under the control of the Chief Secretary to Your Highness, have also been incorporated in the report.

I have the honour to be
Your Highness's most obedient servant,

Jyotis Chandra Sen,

MINISTER.

TRIPURA STATE

SCALE 10 MILES = 1 INCH

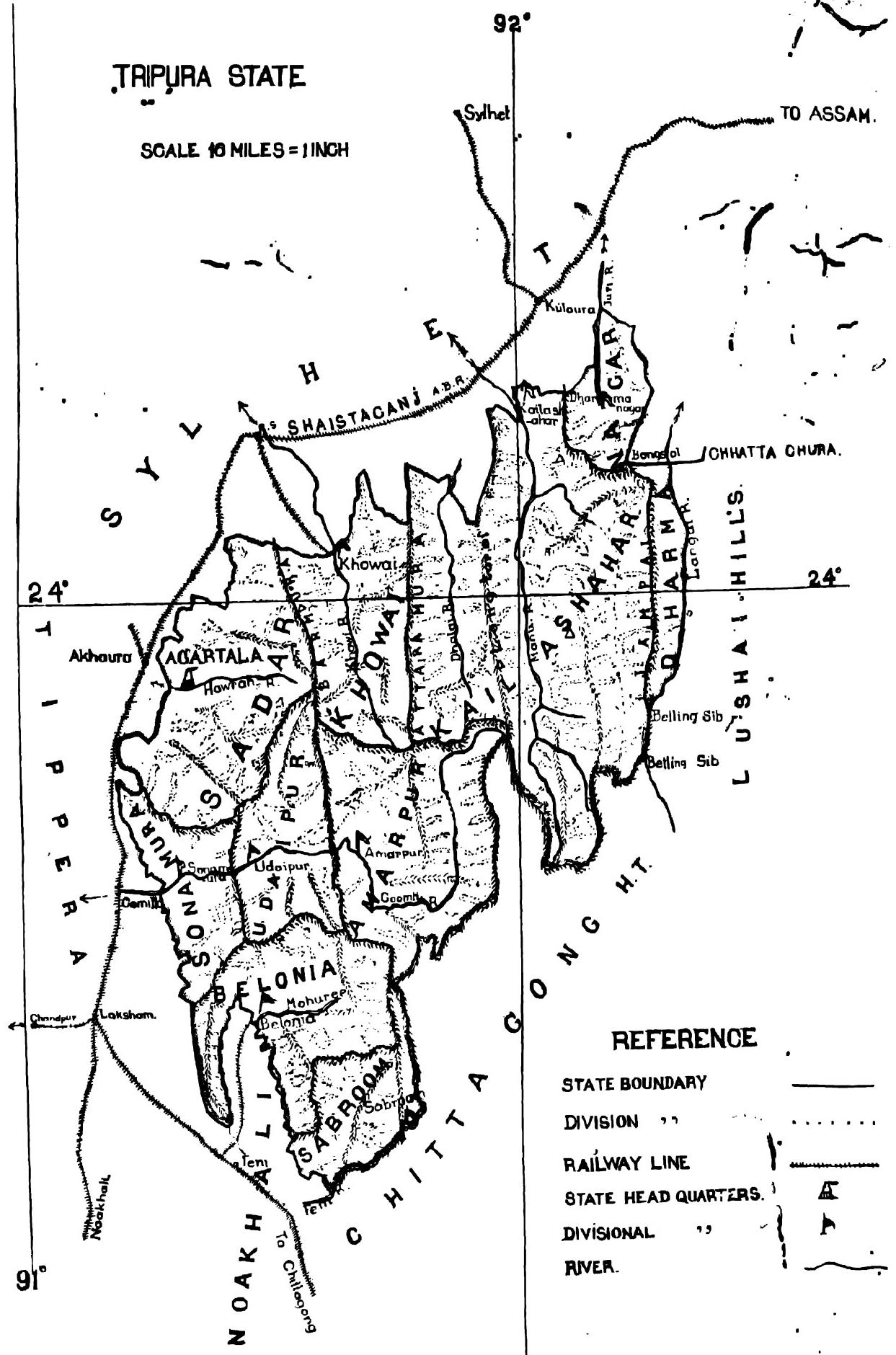


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REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION
OF
THE TRIPURA STATE
FOR
1343 T. E. (1933-34.)

CHAPTER I—GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

Area of the State—4,116 sq. miles.

Population—3,82,450.

Gross Revenue (based on the average of the previous five years):—

(a) State	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 20,86,795
(b) Zemindaries	...	...	...	...	...	Rs. 9,98,727.

Tribute—Nil.

Ruler of the State—His Highness The Bisama-Samara-Bijayee Mahamahodaya Pancha-Srijukta Maharaja Manikya Bir Bikramkishore Dev Barman Bahadur. Age—26 years. (Born—19th August, 1908).

Caste—Kshatriya (of the Lunar race).

The year and the people. During the year under report there was no appreciable improvement in the general economic situation in the State and the attached Zemindaries although hopes were entertained during the earlier part of the year of some improvements here and there. The agricultural people fared no better than in the year preceding. Although the prices of paddy and jute maintained a slightly upward tendency and that of rice remained almost on the same level, that of oilseeds went down to a noticeable extent. The slight increase in the land revenue collection against a heavy accumulation of the demand during these years of economic distress, was due more to the better paying capacity of the Talukdars than that of the Jotedars. The hill people suffered worse. A decrease in the price of cotton and *til* coupled with a heavy fall in the outturn of the latter commodity, affected them and the State alike resulting in a very big fall in the duty on cotton and oilseeds. The demand for forest produce also dwindled comparatively, affecting the forest revenue. As noticed in the previous Report, it was only the tea market that was improving gradually on the operations of the international Restriction Scheme and it is hoped that the progress may not sustain any serious set-back during the period of the international control. Since the close of the year under review, however, the price of tea has not shown signs of improvement. In the Zemindaries, the tenantry did not fare well owing to the low price of paddy and jute although better collection of rent shows some improvement in their economic condition.

2. The rainfall was a little below the average and was unevenly distributed over the various parts of the State territory. Excessive rains in the lower tracts of the Feni valley caused flood in the Sabrum Division where there was scarcity of foodgrains among a section of hill people who received distress loans from the State. The Bilonia Division suffered from the visitation of flood twice in the month of Bhadra. Crops were affected and house property damaged in some parts of the Division. Heavy rainfall in the Gumti valley which has for some years become almost an annual occurrence was responsible for floods in the Udaipur Division affecting crops in the plains in the lower region. The harvests of the year may be said to have been fair on the whole.

3. The condition of the middle classes was not better owing to the slight rise in the prices of some of the foodstuffs and other articles of daily use. The rates of wages of skilled and unskilled labour showed no tendency towards any steady improvement.

4. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 10,05,281 against Finances of the year. from the permanent sources was Rs. 13,39,810 against Rs. 13,49,108 in the previous year in the State and Rs. 9,08,361 against Rs. 8,50,918 in the Zemindaries. On account of continued financial stringency a loan of nine lac had to be obtained from the Government of India for liquidation of old liabilities and for stabilization of the finances of the State. With loans and deposits the total receipts from all sources came to Rs. 34,37,193 against Rs. 25,90,046 in the preceding year, the total sum available for expenditure including opening balance being Rs. 41,42,474 against Rs. 36,55,196.

II.

5. The hot weather of the year under review was spent by His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur at Shillong. Accompanied by Her Highness the Maharani Saheba and the Dowager Maharani Sahebas, His Highness left Agartala for Shillong on the 8th Jaistha and returned to the Capital on the 23rd Sravan.

6. Just on the eve of the Pujas His Highness had unfortunately to proceed to Calcutta on expert medical advice, to have anti-rabic treatment as a precautionary measure and to the great relief of the people returned to the Capital in good health after undergoing the full course of it, staying out from the 6th to the 25th Asvin.

7. His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur left Agartala for Calcutta on the 11th Agrahayan and joined Her Highness the Maharani Saheba at the latter place where she had been staying for some time. During the stay in Calcutta, His Highness had private interviews, as usual, with His Excellency the Viceroy and His Excellency the Governor of Bengal on 28th and 7th of December respectively, and besides this, joined

Their Excellencies in various functions at Belvedere and Government House.

8. Amidst the busy programme of His Highness's engagements in Calcutta, the following may be mentioned. .

9. On invitation from the Consul-General for Germany, His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur was present at a reception given in honour of the Captain and Officers of the German Cruiser "Karlsruhe" which called at the Calcutta Port at that time on her way to a cruise round the world. His Highness was also invited by the Consul-General to pay a visit to the "Karlsruhe" and accordingly, he visited the cruiser on the 9th December with his staff. His Highness received the customary salute of 13 guns on his arrival on board and also at the time of his departure and inspected the Guard-of-Honour furnished by her crew. The Consul-General and the Captain accompanied His Highness when he was shown round the cruiser and he was much pleased with what he saw there and thanked them for all the courtesy shown to him.

10. On January 2, 1934, His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur with staff, joined His Excellency the Naval Commander-in-Chief at a dinner on board the British Cruiser "Enterprise".

11. His Highness visited some of the cultural, religious and educational institutions of the city, e. g. the College of Engineering and Technology, Bengal, Sree Gauriya-Math and the Government Islamia College. At the request of the Hon'ble Alhadj Nawab Bahadur Sir A. K. Ghuznavi, Kt., of Dilduar and the Committee of the Islamia College, His Highness presided over the fifth anniversary of the Student's Duty Fund of the college on the 27th January, 1934. Everywhere His Highness was accorded a most enthusiastic reception and was the recipient of warm addresses eulogistic of his catholic services and those of his illustrious House towards the cause of education and religion. His Highness gave suitable replies to each of them and granted generous donations towards the funds of the above-mentioned institutions.

12. His Highness next availed himself of the kind invitation for shooting offered to him by the Dowager Rani Saheba of Khairagarh and left Calcutta with his staff, on the 21st Pous and stayed there for five days, returning on the 28th idem.

13. A few days after his return from Khairagarh, His Highness, accompanied by Their Highnesses the Dowager Maharani Sahebas paid a short visit to Dehra Dun to see his sister, the Jubrani Saheba of Kotla, who had, after a prolonged stay in Switzerland on medical advice, come back with her health fully recovered.

14. Just before the winter tour came to an end, His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur went out from Calcutta to the Sunderbans on a shooting excursion for a week. The Hon'ble Alhadj Nawab Bahadur Sir A. K. Ghuznavi, Kt., of Dilduar, the then member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Bengal, was responsible for the excellent arrangements made and facilities extended in connection with this successful and pleasant Shikar cruise.

15. His Highness left Calcutta on the 6th Falgoon and returned to the Capital the following morning.

16. Towards the close of the year under report, His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur went out to the interior of the State, at Sidhai, on the 16th Chaitra, but after a brief stay there for three days only, had to return to the Capital owing to slight indisposition.

17. The birthday anniversary of His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur came off on Monday, the 29th His Highness's Birthday Celebration. Sraban. This auspicious occasion was celebrated with due eclat all over the State and the Zemindaries. At the Capital, as usual, the National Flag of the State was hoisted by His Highness in an open air Durbar, where customary Military Parades were held and some prisoners were released. The poor received charities on this occasion and the whole town was illuminated in the evening.

18. The most outstanding and blissful event of the year was the birth, in Calcutta, of a Maharajkumar and heir-apparent to His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur—on the night of the 26th Agrahayan corresponding to the early morning of December 13, 1933. The receipt of this auspicious news at the Capital on the following morning was the occasion for highly enthusiastic and loyal demonstrations throughout the length and breadth of the State and the Zemindaries where offices and other institutions were closed for four days on this happy occasion. Hundreds of congratulatory messages from within and outside the State were received by His Highness, amongst which, felicitous messages on the birth of the heir-apparent, from His Majesty the King-Emperor, Their Excellencies the Viceroy, the Governors of Bengal and Assam and their respective Governments and from a number of Ruling Princes were thankfully acknowledged—as also the others.

19. The Surjadarshan ceremony of the newly born Maharajkumar, at the Tripura House in Calcutta, marked by a number of festivities in the State, was heartily enjoyed by the Royal House and the people alike. Deputations representing the Durbars of Panna, Baria, Bhavnagar and Kotla were present during the ceremony.

20. The first home-coming of the heir-apparent Maharajkumar Bahadur with Their Highnesses the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur and Maharani Sahéba on the morning of The First Home-coming of the heir-apparent the 19th February (7th Falgoon) was another occasion of great joy to the people. The arrival was public and attracted, at Akhaura, large crowds of people who longed to have a view of their beloved Maharaja and the heir-apparent. On alighting from the train, His Highness was garlanded and given an ovation after which he, with the Maharani Sahéba and the Maharajkumar Bahadur proceeded towards the Capital which was sure to accord a hearty welcome to them. Their Highnesses and the Maharajkumar were lustily cheered by the huge concourse of people as they drove through the important streets to the Palace. En route, at the Installation Pandal,

His Highness was formally received by the public at a mass meeting and was presented with an address of welcome to which he gave a suitable reply.

21. A very sad event of the year that overtook the Royal Family and the State was the sad demise of Her Highness the Dowager Maharani Manomanjuri Mahadevi, a grand-mother of His Highness, at Agartala, on the 25th Bhadra. Offices and other institutions were closed for three days as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Maharani Mahadevi who passed away at a ripe age of 68.

22. Yet another very sad event, by the occurrence of which the Royal Family, nay, the whole of the State was cast into gloom was the untimely demise of the Yubaraj Saheb of Baria, after a short illness. This melancholy event took place at the Baria House in Bombay on the 13th Magh and the news was first received in Calcutta. The young Yubaraj Saheb to whom the youngest sister of His Highness was given in marriage only six years ago, had endeared himself to the people of his own land and our State alike, and his premature death was deeply mourned all over the State and the Zemindaries. All offices and other institutions were closed for a week in honour of the departed soul, and a deputation from the Durbar paid a condolence visit to Baria in this connection.

III.

23. The No. 12 Party, Eastern Circle, Survey of India, continued their operations. Their programme was to complete the survey of the State in the previous year but only full 6 sheets could be finished during the year in addition to the 6 sheets finished in the previous year. In all probability, the survey will be finished by the end of 1934. Out of the total contribution of Rs. 45,000 for this purpose, the State paid Rs. 26,000 during the year under review, Rs. 10,000 having been paid in the previous year.

24. During the topographical survey operations, the village Phuldengsei adjoining the Lushai Hills District, the Boundary Disputes watershed line from the Betling to Langterai H. S. and the source and course of the Feni river were inspected jointly by the officers of both the Governments.

25. Mr. R. L. Walker, I. C. S., continued as Political Agent till the afternoon of the 19th March, 1934, when Mr. E. W. Holland, I. C. S., took over charge.

26. Rai J. C. Sen Bahadur, B. A., B. C. S. (retired) continued to hold charge of the State and the attached Zemindaries with the exception of the Departments of Agriculture, Commerce & Industry, Immigration and Publicity which were under the control of the Chief Secretary to His Highness.

CHAPTER II—LAND ADMINISTRATION.

27. Mr. S. C. Deb Barman, M. A., (Harvard), Senior Naib Dewan and Thakur K. K. Singh, Naib Dewan, remained in charge of this Department in addition to other duties assigned to them upto the 10th Faishtha and thereafter the latter remained in sole charge of the department throughout the year.

28. As shown in the subjoined statement, the total area held under settlement and borne on the ~~books~~ at the close of the year was 627 square miles as against 639 square miles in the previous year.

~~Area held under Settlement.~~

Kinds of settlement.	Area in square miles.		Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
	1943 T.E.	1942 E.D.			
Faiz ...	356	369	—	—	
Thakur ...	297	310	—	13	
Total ...	627	639	—	13	

29. The Decrease was due to the purchase of Peasant land by the State in revenue auction sale and relinquishment.

30. Proceedings in 2 cases for re-settlement of portions of tea estates purchased by the State in revenue auction sale were in progress during the year and re-settlement of one of them was concluded.

31. Several petitions for relinquishment of portions of tea garden lands were pending from the year previous. Relinquishment of 1364 acres of land was effected in one case during the year.

32. Both the outturn and export of tea increased during the year under review. 26 drores of khas purchased tea land was re-settled during the year while only one garden was purchased by the State in revenue auction sale during the year under review.

33. The Durbar has always been giving relief to the proprietors of tea gardens by pursuing the policy of granting them temporary suspension and easy instalments for payment of revenue and other State dues. As a consequence of the tea Restriction measures, several gardens have prayed for relinquishment of portions of uncultivated land and the Durbar has not been slow in realising their difficulties and has been taking steps to grant them the relief they deserve giving up a big amount of land revenue for the sake of the welfare of the industry. The arrear revenue at the end of the year amounted ~~to more than~~ 2 lacs having increased in comparison with the previous years with the closing of several tea concerns. Some portion of this demand may have to be written off as irrecoverable.

34. With the rise of price and greater exports (21 lac lbs.) the export duty increased in comparison with the previous 2 years.

35. Following the introduction of the Tea Restriction Scheme and consequent rise in price the industry emerged from slump with prospect

of a more or less bright future. The restriction on extension of cultivation has been hanging heavy on the infant industry in the State. That the gardens of the State do not get enough consideration at the hands of the Indian Tea Licensing Committee has been the general clamour amongst the proprietors. For the fostering of the Infant industry in the State, the Durbar started negotiation with the Government of India since the close of the year, and it is expected that it will be possible to get a favourable consideration of the matter.

36. The average of *jama* per *kani* of *jote* lands in *khar mehals* (exclusive of cesses) stood at 1½ annas and 2 pies against 15 annas and 4 pies in the previous year. The maximum rate for *jote* was Rs. 45 per *kani* while the minimum was 4 annas and that for *talukas* Rs. 1 and annas 3 respectively. The maximum *jote* rate was a special one in respect of a small piece of bazar land.

37. The different sources of land revenue demand with the Sources of Land Revenue collection under each head are detailed below :—

Sources.	Current demand.		Arrear demand up to the end of		Realization up to the end of		REMARKS.
	1343 T.E.	1342 T.E.	1342 T.E.	1341 T.E.	1343 T.E.	1342 T.E.	
Taluks ...	1,59,656	1,66,673	4,03,932	3,53,733	1,18,624	1,04,205	
<i>Khas</i> Mehal <i>jotes</i>	5,34,740	5,23,423	15,37,191	13,00,789	2,94,082	2,87,021	
Bazars ...	6,504	6,684	3,298	3,790	6,019	6,344	
Cesses ...	43,862	43,548	1,32,018	1,13,254	25,829	23,406	
Total ...	7,44,762	7,40,328	20,76,439	17,71,566	4,54,554	4,20,979	

38. The above statement shows that the current demand under Demand all heads was Rs. 7,44,762 and with the arrear demand of Rs. 20,76,439 the total demand of the year was Rs. 28,21,201 against Rs. 25,18,894 in the previous year.

39. The total collection in round figures under all heads during Collection the year amounted to Rs. 4,54,554 being Rs. 1,62,576 under current and Rs. 2,91,978 under arrears, as against Rs. 4,20,979 in the previous year. The percentage of current collection was 21.82 against 27.55 and that of the arrears 14.06 against 14.33. In the *khar mehal* the percentage of current collection was 8.98 against 11.28 and in *taluk mehal* the percentage was 63.09 against 62.52 in the previous year.

40. Altogether 4,013 certificate cases covering a demand of Rs. 2,73,042 were instituted during the year. With 4,239 cases valued at Rs. 5,86,275 pending from the previous year, the total number of cases awaiting final orders on disposal of preliminary notices issued on debtors was 9,152.

covering a total demand of Rs. 8,59,267. Of these, 37 cases with a demand of Rs. 2,924 were rejected or struck off, and Rs. 11,678 in 368 cases was realised before decree, while 4,384 cases with a total value of Rs. 5,57,313 remained pending at the end of the year.

41. Orders under the provisions of the State Certificate Act were passed during the year in 4,363 cases with a total value of Rs. 2,87,452 making the demand absolute.

42. With 9,648 cases to the value of Rs. 6,50,274 pending in execution from the previous year, the total number of cases dealt with was 14,011 covering a demand of Rs. 9,37,726. Out of the total demand, Rs. 26,266 was remitted or written off and of the remainder, Rs. 1,43,906, was actually realised leaving a balance of Rs. 7,67,554. Of the amount realised, Rs. 1,33,088 represents land revenue and Rs. 10,818 miscellaneous demands.

43. The number of defaulting talukas brought under the operation of the Sunset law (including 80 pending from the previous year) was 221. Of these 135 were released on payment of dues with penalty while 46 were sold in auction and 40 remained undisposed of at the close of the year.

44. The results of the survey (including resurvey) operations are given in the statement below. It will be seen that an area of 3,486 *drones* comprising 187 *drones* of taluk and 3,299 *drones* of Khas mehal was surveyed as against a total of 2,609 *drones* in the previous year.

Names of Divisions.	Quantity of land in <i>drones</i> surveyed in 1343 T. E.			Quantity of land in <i>drones</i> surveyed in 1342 T. E.			REMARKS.
	Taluki land.	Khas mehal land.	Total.	Taluki land.	Khas mehal land.	Total.	
1. Sadar Division ...	135	36	171	74	2,086	2,160	
2. Kailashahar „ „	29	60	89	—	136	136	
3. Sonamura „ „	23	282	305	31	—	31	
4. Bilonia „ „	—	1,382	1,382	—	111	111	
5. Khowai „ „	—	493	493	—	—	—	
6. Dharmanagar „ „	—	470	470	—	171	171	
7. Udaipur „ „	—	148	148	—	—	—	
8. Sabroom „ „	—	428	428	—	—	—	
9. Amarpur Sub. „ „	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Total	187	3,486	3,486	105	3,006	3,609	

45. This work continued under the direction of Babu Kamini Kumar Kar, Superintendent of Surveys. Compilation of *Mouzmil* maps of the Divisions on a scale of one inch to the mile from the survey maps of villages and *Talukas* was in progress. Maps of 9 villages were reduced to one inch scale and compiled in the *Mouzmil* and 3 maps of villages out of 33 reduced maps remaining uncompiled were also compiled this year. The Divisional *mouzmil* maps were also corrected following the additions. In addition, 6 topographical sheets of the Survey of India were reduced from one mile to the inch to 4 miles to the inch scale and compiled in the State map in order to show correct divisional boundaries in the State map, as the old map was found wrong in places.

46. 3 case maps in connection with disputes about boundary between *Talukas* and *Khas* lands within the State and also along the British border line were prepared and 2 copies of one of them were traced.

47. 17 maps of boundary and connected award, 24 maps of villages and *Talukas* and 30 other maps were traced and the area of 3 maps checked with planimeter by the same staff. In addition, some of the line to connect villages for compilation of *mouzmil* maps were done by some temporary staff. The total expenditure incurred was Rs 447-14-3 only.

48. The No. 12 party, E. C. Survey of India, continued their operations of Topographical survey of the State. Their programme was to complete the survey of the State in the previous year but only full 6 sheets were finished during the year in addition to the 6 sheets finished in the year previous, and the remaining sheets were also under survey with every probability of completion of the survey of the State by the end of 1934. The State paid Rs. 26,000 in addition to Rs. 10,000 paid in the previous year towards their contribution amounting to Rs. 45,500 and the balance would be paid as arranged in the year following.

49. During the survey operations the disputed boundary between the Lushai Hills and this State near Phuldengsei village on the Jampai range in the State was inspected jointly by Major A. G. Mc Call, Superintendent, Lushai Hills District as representative of the Assam Government and Babu Sasanka Bhutan Roy, M. A., Divisional Officer, Sonamura, as the representative of the State, with Mr K. L. Dhawan, B. A., the survey camp officer of the No. 12 party and the Superintendent of Surveys of the State. The watershed line from the Betling to Langterai H S was also inspected jointly by the same representative of the State and a Kanongo of Chittagong Hill Tracts with the same Survey camp officer of the Survey of India and the Superintendent of the Surveys of the State and some temporary marks left on the watershed line. Thakur Joysingh Deb Barman, B. A., S. D. O., Amarpur, enquired about the source of the Feni river. The disputed boundary about the source as well as the course of the Feni river was inspected by the Superintendent of Surveys and the disputes were discussed afterwards with Lieut. C. A. K. Wilson, O/c., No. 12 party, E. C. Survey of India.

50. The Superintendent of Surveys was out on tour for 104 days in connection with the inspection of the Divisional boundaries and border lines.

51. There was a *Taskhichi taluk* settlement of an area of 26 *drones* comprising 15 *drones* of cultivated land and 11 *drones* of waste land. It will be seen from the statement below that settlement operations in respect of 1,592 *drones* of *jote* lands were completed against 4,379 *drones* in the previous year.

Nature of Settlement.	1343 T. E.		1342 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Area in <i>drones</i> .	Jama in whole rupees	Area in <i>drones</i>	Jama in whole rupees	
1. Permanent <i>taluki</i> settlement of cultivated land ...	—	—	—	—	
2. Permanent <i>taluki</i> settlement of waste land ...	—	—	—	—	
3. <i>Taskhichi taluki</i> settlement of cultivated land ...	15	*258	—	—	
4. <i>Taskhichi taluki</i> settlement of waste land ...	11	—	—	—	
5. <i>Jotedari</i> re-settlement of cultivated land ...	1,392	18,144	4,289	45,263	
6. <i>Jotedari</i> settlement of waste land	140	1,302	90	901	
Total. ...	1,558	19,704	4,379	46,169	

* 11 *Drones* of waste land together with 15 *drones* of cultivated land was settled at a *jama* of Rs. 258.

52. Resettlement of a plot of *Khas* purchased tea garden *Taluk Settlement.* *Taskhichi Taluk* comprising 26 *drones* was granted during the year under review and Rs. 501 was realised as *Nazar*. Another case of resettlement of tea land was in progress at the end of the year.

53. A net increase of Rs. 8,839 in *jama* was secured by resettlement of *abadi jote* land, the *Nazarana* being Rs. 14,715. The average *jama* per *kani* was 13 annas against 10 annas and 7 pies in the previous year.

54. During the year, an area of 140 *drones* of waste land was settled for a prospective rental of Rs. 1,302, the *Jotedars Settlement of waste land.* average *jama* per *kani* obtained being 9 annas and 4 pies against 10 annas in the previous year. The maximum and minimum rates were Rs. 2/8 and annas 4 respectively. The *Nazarana* realised was Rs. 1,048, the rent-free period allowed ranging from 1 to 3 years.

55. No wholetime Settlement officer was employed in any *Settlement work.* Division, but the Divisional officers and the *sd* officers were entrusted with the settlement work within their respective jurisdictions. The total expenditure in the settlement operations was Rs. 967.

56. The *nazarana* obtained and obtainable by settlement and resettlement of *abadi* *jote* land and settlement of waste land as *jotedar* amounted to Rs. 16,671 (Rs. 14,715 + Rs. 1,956).

(11)

57. As detailed below there were altogether 15 private estates
Private Estates under State Management. under State management during the year under report.

Class.	Name of Estate.	Area.	Revenue.
Encumbered	1. Kakrabott Estate	283 dhanas.	1,871
	2. Jogendranagar Trust Estate	64 ,,	163
	3. Kamalnagar and Mahendranagar Estate	51 ,,	255
	4. Gouranga Tripura's Estate	13 ,,	57
	5. Maharam Ali Chaudhuri Khanje Khan Bahadur's Estate—Taluk Jots	236 ,, 6 ,,	1230 149
	6. Thakur Nalini Mohan Deb Barma's Estate	68 ,,	170
	7. Brajendra Kumar Das's Estate	408 ,,	1,936
	8. Brajapur Estate (Kamala Kanta Deb Barman and others)	246 ,,	982
	9. Kalimulla's Estate	124 ,,	863
	10. Mahammedali Chaudhuri's Estate	24 ,,	76
Unencumbered	11. Girish Chandra Chaudhuri's Estate	36 ,,	254
	12. Prabhu Goswamis' Estate	31 ,,	61
	13. Late Brajakumar Thakur's Estate	47 ,,	297
	14. Naba Kumar Chakrabarty's Estate—Taluk Jots	32 ,, 5 ,,	225 19
Endowment	15. Taranagar Estate	140 ,,	752

58. The subjoined table shows the demands and collections of the estates during the year under review. Compared with the previous year, collections improved in 8 estates and fell in 4 estates. No. 11 came under State management during the latter part of the year, and hence no collection could be made therein during the year under review. There was no collection of the estates Nos. 9 and 14 in 1342 T. E. as the estates came under State management during the latter part of the year.

Estate No.	DEMAND			COLLECTION			P. C. of collection
	Current	Arrear	Total	Current	Arrear	Total	
1.	6,319	32,500	38,819	525	2,994	3,519	9.07
2.	1,234	6,903	8,137	77	798	875	10.75
3.	1,275	2,623	3,898	103	1,034	1,137	29.17
4.	233	153	386	106	95	201	52.08
5.	3,591	15,901	19,492	205	1,724	1,929	9.89
6.	1,163	4,186	5,349	28	357	385	7.19
7.	3,603	8,052	11,655	24	1,765	1,789	15.35
8.	4,218	7,069	9,287	850	3,041	3,891	41.90
9.	2,425	4,095	6,520	—	92	92	—
10.	1,204	1,739	2,943	—	645	645	21.92
11.	1,149	5,034	6,183	—	—	—	—
12.	912	3,809	4,721	74	512	586	12.41
13.	1,611	3,451	5,062	56	1,168	1,224	24.38
14.	638	3,553	4,193	25	260	255	6.79
15.	3,680	11,239	14,319	206	1,492	1,698	11.16

*No collection during the year as it came under State management at the latter part of the year.

CHAPTER III—PROTECTION.

I. Legislation.

59. No legislation was undertaken during the year and there was no sitting of the Legislative Council.

I

60. Dewan Sahib Kamala Prasad Dutt, M. A. B. L., F. R. E. S.,
Charge. M. R. A. S. and Major Kumar Dina Mohan Dev Barma
Bahadur continued to be in charge of the Military
Department and the Military Forces respectively.

61. The total strength of the forces at the end of the year was
Strength 391 against 352 of the preceding year.

62. His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur inspected both
Inspection. the 1/ Tripura Bir and 2/ Tripura Bikram Companies
on the 19th August 1933.

63. Capt. Kumar Braja Lal Dev Varma Bahadur, Company
Training. Commander, 1/ Tripura Bir Company, attended the
Company Commanders' Course at Gwalior with good
results. Two Company Officers and ten Platoon Commanders from
both Companies and one Jemadar from His Highness' Body Guards
were trained in Tactical Exercise Without Troops from the 2nd to
the 4th November 1933 under the supervision of Capt. Kumar B. L. Dev
Varma Bahadur just after his return from his training course and did
satisfactory work. On the 17th February 1934 they were further trained
in Compass Bearing, Reading & Writing, Night March with Troops
and Night Digging. Besides these, the Companies exercised in Musketry.
Armourer Sushil Chandra Dev Varma was sent to Allahabad Arsenal
for Preliminary Training in Armoury. The result was satisfactory.
One N. C. O. from the 1st Tripura Bir Company attended the Small
Arms School, Pachmarhi. His result was very satisfactory.

64. Some ordinary improvements and petty repairs of the
Cantonment. barracks were made during the year.

65. The health of the forces was generally good as in the
Health. previous year.

66. The total expenditure for the year excluding the Public
Expenditure Works amounted to Rs. 1,06,626 against Rs. 98,046.

67. On the 29th August 1933, the Police, Jail Warders, Binondias,
Body Guards and Palace Volunteers took part in
martial Practice and a Town Protection Practice with the Military Forces.

His Highness, the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur was
pleased to watch the forces from the commencement of the practice
and inspected the forces in the evening in front of the Durbar Club
where all the forces were mobilised. In the month of April the

1/ Tripura Bir and the 2/ Tripura Bikram Companies with Signalling party and followers camped out for about a fortnight and did some Tactical Exercises under Capt. Kumar Brajalal and Capt. Rana Jhapat Jung Bahadur. A platoon from the 1/ Tripura Bir Coy. was sent out for guard and escort duties with His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur to Sidhai where they encamped for 10 days from 22nd April to 2nd May. On this occasion the troops had some practice in pitching tents and laying out Camp sites.

III. Police.

68. Rai Saheb A. C. Gupta continued as Superintendent of Charge. Police during the year.

69. Babu N. K. Bhattacharjea, B. Sc., continued as Assistant Superintendent of Police during the year but he was on leave from the 13th Sraban to the 8th Agrahayan, the senior Inspector Babu N. N. Bose, B. A., acting for him.

70. The total numerical strength of the Police Force during the Strength. year was 512 against 499 in the previous year.

71. The total number of village Chaukidars was 175¹ as before. Rural Police.

72. There were 4 Inspectors of Police as before, who were employed mainly to supervise important cases and control the staff placed under them. Inspecting Staff.

73. During the year there were 24 Sub Inspectors including one Probationary Sub-Inspector and 22 Naib Darogas as before, the post of one Naib Daroga having remained vacant during the previous year. Investigating and Prosecuting staff.

74. Good detective work has been done by some of the Sub Inspectors in tracking and prosecuting several gangs of dacoits and burglars—one in Sabroom where 12 prominent members of Makku Palwan's gang were successfully prosecuted, another in Radhakishorepur P. S. where 14 members of another gang were prosecuted and another in Khowai. In the last case, however, the accused persons were acquitted by the Court of Sessions.

75. Finger print system was introduced during the year under report, resulting in the tracing of 2 old offenders—one with 6 and the other with 15 previous convictions.

76. One of the Sub-Inspectors, 5 of the Naib Darogas and 5 constables were employed in the G. I. D. as in the C. I. D. and Intelligence Staff. previous year.

77. The total number of cases reported during the year under review was 1,069 as against 1,198 in the previous year.

78. The result of the cases is as follows :-

Number of cases reported
1,000.

Enquiry refused	Number investigated					Number pending
	True	Intentionally false	Mistake of law	Mistake of fact	Noncognizable	
21	738	51	44	69	43	0
Charge-sheet	Finally reported					
363	375					

79. Altogether 623 persons were arrested in connection with various offences, and 824 persons sent up for trial by police against 827 and 943 respectively in the previous year. Of the number sent up, 208 were convicted and 178 acquitted (including 59 on compromise and 35 on withdrawal of cases) while 1 died and 437 awaited trial (including the absconding accused). The percentage of convictions was 33.39 against 26.96 of the previous year. This means an improvement over the previous year.

80. Of the 418 persons awaiting trial at the end of the previous year, 111 were convicted, 194 acquitted (including 27 on compromise and 19 on withdrawal of cases) and 113 were awaiting trial at the end of the year under report.

81. In the previous year 4 cases of bad livelihood were started against 4 persons, while in the year under report 6 Bad livelihood cases. cases were instituted against as many as 33 persons, of whom 28 were bound down, 1 was acquitted and 4 awaited trial.

82. Twenty Arms Act cases were instituted against 21 persons of whom 12 were convicted, 2 discharged and 7 were awaiting trial as the year closed.

83. Five of the stolen guns were recovered by the British Police from the possession of the culprits within their jurisdiction and one by the State Police from within the State.

84. Total value of property stolen during the year amounted to Rs. 12,868.9-9 against Rs. 18,282.6-6 of the previous year. Of the amount, Rs. 1,919.7-9 was recovered against Rs. 2,692.12-9 in the previous year. The percentage of recoveries was 14.99 against 14.73 of the previous year.

85. There were 14 cases of dacoity during the year against 20 in the previous year, 41 persons were sent up in Dacoity. charge sheet in connection with 4 cases, of whom 2 were convicted, 7 acquitted and 32 (including 12 absconding) were awaiting trial at the close of the year.

86. Seventyone cases of unnatural deaths were reported during the year. On enquiry, one turned out to be a case of murder. No foul play was detected in any other case.

87. Two Inspectors, 9 Sub-Inspectors, 9 Naib Daroga, 1 Writer Naib Daroga, 2 Armed constables, 13 Rewards and punishment constables and one Choukidar received money reward, while 2 Sub-Inspectors, 1 Naib Daroga, 1 Writer Naib Daroga, 3 Jamadaras, 1 Havildar, 1 Naik, 8 constables (Armed), and 18 constables (ordinary) were fined or degraded; one Choukidar only was dismissed.

88. The Superintendent of Police was out on tour for 61 days against 56 days in the previous year and the Assistant Superintendent of Police for 20 days against 50 days in the previous year.

89. The relation with the police of the neighbouring districts in British India continued to be satisfactory. The Co-operation system of co-operation meeting of the Circle Inspectors with their own and British Police Officers concerned of adjoining British Districts was introduced in the year under report.

90. The Superintendent of Police with four Sub-Inspectors, 1 Subadar, 1 armed Sub-Inspector, 1 Jamadar, 1 Havildar and 35 constables joined the Town Protection and Musketry Practice.

91. The system of musketry and revolver practice which was introduced in the previous year was continued in the year under review and the result was satisfactory.

92. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 86,836 against Rs. 85,242 in the previous year.

IV. Justice,

93. There were 15 courts of justice in the State during the year under report, exercising both civil and criminal Courts. jurisdiction, viz :—the Khas Adalat (High Court) with its original and appellate sides and 14 courts of Magistrate-Munsifs exercising original jurisdiction only.

94. Babu Jnanendra Mohan Das, B. L., continued as Chief Judge and Babu Ramani Mohan Goswami, M. A., B. L., as Khas Adalat (High Court). Civil and Sessions Judge in the original side during the year. Thakur Tarini Charan Deb Barman continued as Puisne Judge till the end of the previous year and on his retirement Thakur Hriday Ranjan Deb Barman, a senior member of the Tripura Civil Service, was appointed Puisne Judge and continued as such till the end of the year 1343 T. E.

95. Altogether 1966 criminal cases were instituted during the year under report as against 2030 of the previous year. With the balance of 567 pending from the previous year, the total number of cases for disposal before the several subordinate original courts was 2533 as against 2547 of the previous year, as detailed below ; and out of these 2533 cases

1882 were disposed of as against 1980 of the preceding year, leaving 651 cases pending at the close of the year. Thus, in the year under report, the number of cases for disposal decreased by 14 from that of the previous year, and there was also a decrease in disposal by 98.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	1842 T.E.	1843 T.E.
Offences against the State and public tranquillity	77	69
Offences against person	670	695
Offences against property	1,284	1,230
Other offences	516	533
TOTAL	2,547	2,533

96. Extradition of 179 persons was asked for during the year.

Extradition from British India. With 153 persons pending surrender at the close of the previous year, the total number of offenders required to be surrendered was 332, of whom 57 persons were arrested and surrendered by the British Indian Police and 106 persons appeared of their own accord or were subsequently arrested within the State.

97. The total number of persons brought to trial in the year under report inclusive of the number pending from the preceding year was 2953 against 3503 of the previous year. The number brought to trial within the year under review was 2139, of whom 593 persons were arrested by the Police, 503 were produced on warrant, 737 appeared on summons, 294 appeared voluntarily and 11 persons were arrested in the presence of Magistrates.

98. Out of 2953 persons before the courts including the Sessions Court, 814 persons were discharged without trial, 569 were acquitted, 770 were convicted, 8 died, 2 escaped and 790 persons remained under trial at the close of the year. Out of the convicted persons, 243 were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment extending from below 1 month to 5 years and above, 1 person was imprisoned for life, 488 were sentenced to fines only, 12 were bound down and 26 persons were warned for the future. The number of persons actually tried was 1339 as against 1487 of the previous year and the percentage of conviction was thus 57'50 against 42'57 of the previous year.

99. Of the 2533 cases for disposal as stated above, the number of cases in which British subjects were either complainants or accused was 480 as against 454 of the previous year. Out of these, 399 cases were cognizable and 81 non-cognizable. In 33 cases, British subjects were complainants and in 447 cases they were the accused. In 103 cases both the parties were British subjects. In all, 642 persons were actually brought under trial during the year under report, as against 598 of the preceding year. Out of those 642 persons, 347 persons were convicted, 193 acquitted or discharged ; escaped and 101 remained under trial at the close of the year.

(17)

100. The following statement will show the number of original criminal cases instituted during the last two years.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.	1842 T.E.	1843 T. E.	Increase.	Decrease.
Offences against the State and public tranquility ...	61	55	0	6
Offences against person	541	580	19	0
Offences against property	1,026	922	0	104
Other offences	402	429	27	0
TOTAL	2,030	1,966	46	110

Decreased by 64.

101. 27 cases were committed to the Sessions during the year under report and 1 case was pending from the Sessions cases. previous year. Out of these 28 cases, 24 were disposed of during the year as detailed in the following table. The number of persons involved in those 28 cases was 70, of whom 30 were convicted, 35 were acquitted, 2 escaped and 3 remained under trial at the close of the year.

Description of cases.	Number of cases.	Disposed of.	Pending.	REMARKS.
Culpable homicide	6	5	1	
Lurking house trespass and rape ...	1	1	0	
Murder	1	1	0	
Grievous hurt and culpable homicide ...	1	1	0	
Rape	1	0	1	
Dacoity	7	6	1	
Dacoity and conspiracy ...	1	1	0	
Arson	4	3	1	
Assembling for purpose of committing dacoity ...	1	1	0	
Arson with intent to murder ...	1	1	0	
False complaint (sec 211 I. P. C.) ...	1	1	0	
Possessing instruments and materials for counterfeiting coins ...	1	1	0	
Conspiracy and murder with abduction and concealment of dead body ...	1	1	0	
Theft	1	1	0	
Total	28	24	4	

102. There were altogether 236 criminal appeals as against 248 of the previous year. These appeals were disposed of Criminal appeals. as shown below :—

Rejected ... ...	...	...	5
Judgment affirmed ... ...	...	...	107
Modified ... ...	...	...	42
Reversed ... ...	...	...	18
Further enquiry ordered ...	...	...	26
			198
Pending ... ...	...	...	38
Total ... ...	...	...	236

103. The percentage of judgments affirmed and modified was 77·20 as against 86·60 of the previous year.

104. The number of original civil suits instituted during the year Original Civil suits. under report was 18,00 as against 2,057 of the previous year. With the balance of 906 suits pending from the preceding year, the total number of suits for disposal

was 2,706 as against 2,790 of the previous year. These were disposed of as shown below :—

Ex parte	...	...	...	926
Admitted and compromised	...	...	...	171
Dismissed for want of prosecution	...	...	...	167
Disposed of on contest...	...	...	...	593
				<hr/>
Pending	...	...	...	1,857
				<hr/>
Total	...	...	...	2,706

105. The average duration of suits in the civil courts was 2 months and 14 days as against 2 months and 20 days in 1342 T. E.

106. The total value of civil suits instituted during the year was Rs. 1,53,386-5-9, as against Rs. 1,72,819-3-10 of the previous year, which gives an average of Rs. 85-3-5 per case. Out of 1,800 suits, instituted during the year under review, 342 related to land, 1,085 to money transactions and 373 to other transactions. 1,070 suits were of the value of Rs. 100 and under; 374 suits were of the value between Rs. 100 and Rs. 500; 20 suits of value between Rs. 500 and Rs. 1,000; 16 suits of value between Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 5,000; 1 suit was of value above Rs. 5,000 and 319 suits were not estimable in money value.

107. The number of applications for the execution of decrees filed during the year was 772 and there were 690 pending from the previous years. The total number for disposal was thus 1,462 as against 1,534 of the preceding year. The aggregate value of the new applications was Rs. 1,08,381-0-2 and that of the pending applications Rs. 1,53,259-3-9, the total value thus amounting to Rs. 2,61,640-3-11. The number of applications disposed of was 851, the value of which was Rs. 1,32,754-12-2. The number of execution cases pending at the close of the year was 611, the value thereof being Rs. 1,28,885-7-9.

108. There were 147 civil appeals filed during the year as against 174 of the previous year. With the balance of 118 from the previous year, the total number of civil appeals for disposal was 265 against 314 of the preceding year. Out of these cases, 159 were disposed of during the year under report as against 196 of the previous year, leaving a balance of 106 cases at the close of the year.

109. The following figures will show the results of appeals in civil suits :—

Decisions confirmed	...	...	...	72
“ reversed	...	...	...	31
“ modified	...	...	...	18
Remanded	...	...	...	12
Compromised and otherwise disposed of	...	...	...	26
				<hr/>
				159

110. The percentage of judgments wholly or partly excluding those in the cases compromised was against 61·96 of the preceding year.
111. The total value of civil appeals filed during the year under review was Rs. 8,627·5·9 and the average duration of each appeal was 4 months and 12 days against 4 months and 10 days of the previous year.

112. 26 civil suits were instituted in the original side, Khas Adalat, during the year under report as against 15 of the previous year. With the balance of 49 suits pending from the preceding year, the total for disposal was 75 against 79 of the previous year. Of these, 27 suits were disposed of against 30, leaving 48 suits pending at the close of the year. There were 47 execution cases during the year including 34 cases pending from the previous year. Of these, 10 were disposed of and 37 remained pending at the close of the year. There were 19 applications for succession and other certificates during the year under report; with the balance of 20 from the previous year the total number of cases was 39, out of which 22 were disposed of as shown below and 17 remained pending at the close of the year.

Description of cases	Total.	Disposed of.	Pending.
Probate case	3	0	3
Succession certificate	20	16	4
Guardianship	16	6	10
Total	39	22	17

113. The total number of civil and criminal appeals inclusive of Total number of appeals. the number pending from the previous year, was 501 as against 562 of the previous year. Out of these cases, 357 were disposed of as against 406 of the preceding year. In comparison with the previous year, total number of cases for disposal decreased by 61 and there was a corresponding decrease in disposal by 49.

Description of appeals.	Number of appeals.		Disposed of.	
	Past year.	Present year	Past year	Present year
Civil	314	265	196	159
Criminal	248	236	210	198
Total	562	501	406	357

V. Prisons.

114. Exclusive of the Central Jail at the Capital, there were 7 sub-jails in the State in the year under report. Number of Jails. Dr. M. M. Majumdar, Chief Medical Officer, continued to be the Superintendent of the Central Jail.

115. The total jail population during the year numbered 1393 as against 1174 in the previous year—the daily ^{Jail population.} average being 142.82 as against 132.01. Of them, 632 were convicts, 755 undertrials and 6 civil prisoners. Altogether 166 prisoners remained at the close of the year in the jails as against 159 in the year before.

116. Three detenus were admitted into the Central Jail in the course of the year under review.

117. 76 prisoners were under more than 2 years' imprisonment as against 78 in the preceding year. Their offence, ^{Longterm prisoners.} sentence and occupation are detailed below.

Class of offence.	Number of prisoners.	Occupation.	REMARKS.
Murder	18		
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder...	12		
Grievous hurt ... , ...	2		
Robbery	4		
Theft	6		
Dacoity	20		
Counterfeiting coin ...	1		
Kidnapping ...	1		
Rape	6		
Unnatural offence ...	1		
Receiving stolen property	2		
Arson	1		
Forgery	1		
Attempt to commit suicide	1		
Total	76		

118. 10 undertrials from the Bilonia sub-jail, 1 undertrial from the Kailashahar sub-jail, 4 undertrials from the Sonamura sub-jail and one undertrial from the Dharmanagar sub-jail escaped during the year under report. Excepting 10 undertrials of the Bilonia sub-jail all of them were re-arrested.

119. 20 convicts were trained under a paid tutor during the year. Of them, 2 appeared at and passed the Pathshala ^{Education in the Central Jail Reformatory School} Scholarship Examination—one in the First Division and the other in the Second Division. Besides, religious instruction was given as before.

200. With the addition of two sub-jails of Kailashahar and Bilonia during the year the guarding of all sub-jails came under the direct management of the Jail Department. The total number of warders employed in all jails was 69 including 10 Senior Warders or Jamadars. Of them, a warden had to be dismissed, 19 warders fined, 13 punished with extra drill and one suspended for offences of sorts.

121. Three convicts died in the Central jail during the year under review—one of chronic nephritis, one of bacillary dysentery and the other of chronic diarrhoea. Jail health was generally good.

122. The total income from the Central Jail amounted to Income. Rs. 4763-3-3 as against Rs. 4107-12-6 in the preceding year. The subjails fetched no income.

123. The total expenditure during the year under report stood Expenditure. at Rs. 23,364 as against Rs. 21804 in the year previous. —————

VI. Registration.

124. Mr. S. C. Deb Barman, M. A. (Harvard), Senior Naib Dewan, Charge. remained in charge of the Department.

125. The number of Registration offices continued to be 9 as in Registration offices. the previous year—there being one at the headquarters station of each of the Divisions and Sub-divisions. In the moffussil, the Divisional and Sub-divisional Officers and in certain divisions the second officers acted as Registrars. For the Sadar Division there was a separate Registrar at Agartala.

126. The total number of documents presented for registration during the year including 96 documents pending at Registration and Disposal. the end of the previous year was 6265 against 6636. Of this number, 50 deeds were refused registration on different grounds and 97 remained pending at the end of the year against 96 pending at the end of the previous year.

127. The total value covered by the documents amounted to Value of deeds presented and registered. Rs. 6,92,895 as against Rs. 9,96,275 of the previous year, while the total value covered by the documents actually registered was Rs. 6,79,981 as against Rs. 9,63,565 in the year before.

128. The number of suits brought before the Registration Department in respect of documents, the registration of which had been refused in the Registration offices was 17 against 24 suits in the previous year. There was 1 appeal during the year against 3 in the year before. There were 44 suits and 2 appeals pending from the previous year making a total of 61 suits and 3 appeals during the year under report. Out of these, 25 suits and 3 appeals were disposed of during the year, leaving 36 suits pending at the close of the year.

129. The total income of the Department from fees and fines amounted to Rs. 5,701 against Rs. 6,112 and the Income and expenditure. expenditure to Rs. 3,574 against Rs. 3,129 in the previous year. The net income thus amounted to Rs. 2,127 in the year

under report against Rs. 2,983 in the previous year. The net income of the year was less by Rs. 856 in comparison with that of the previous year which was mainly due to the world-wide economic depression during the year under review.

VII. Municipality and Sanitation.

130. As before, the capital of Agartala continued to be the only ~~Municipality~~ Municipal town in the State with a population of about 10,000 according to the last census.

131. The Municipal Committee consisted of nine members—all ~~Municipal Committee~~ nominated, of whom one was official Chairman and another non-official Vice-Chairman who were appointed with the approval of His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur. Babu Jogesh Chandra Datta, B. A., Personal Assistant to the Minister having resigned the Chairmanship in the month of Baisak, the Vice-Chairman, Babu Haridas Bhattacharjee, officiated till the vacancy was filled in permanently by Mr. S. C. Deb Barma, M. A. (Harvard), Senior Naib Dewan, in the middle of the year under review.

Altogether 6 sittings of the committee were held during the year, the average attendance of members being 5·6 as against 6 of the previous year.

132. The realization on account of Municipal and Latrine taxes ~~Income.~~ showed appreciable improvement, Rs. 4612-11-9 having been collected as against Rs. 3594-0-9 in the preceding year. The total demand inclusive of arrears was Rs. 9048-9-3 of which Rs. 505-1-3 was irrecoverable.

The income under Miscellaneous head including deposits was Rs. 1061-14-3 as against Rs. 864-4-0 of the year previous. Thus the income of the municipality inclusive of the State grant of Rs. 8000 and an advance of Rs. 2353-14-3 received from the Bazar Improvement fund for the payment of outstanding bills, was Rs. 16028-8-3 as against Rs. 12458-4-9 of the year before.

133. The total expenditure of the Municipality excluding the ~~Expenditure.~~ amount spent on the Bazar improvement amounted to Rs. 16034-0-0 as against Rs. 12438-12-3 in the preceding year.

134. The control and management of the Bazar at the capital ~~Ihanganj Bazar.~~ remained, as before, with the Municipal Committee. The total demand, including the arrear demand was Rs. 11900-11-9 of which Rs. 584-8-6 was irrecoverable. The total receipts of the year amounted to Rs. 16470-12-3 as against Rs. 6672-6-6 of the previous year.

The Bazar income is set apart for Bazar improvement only. A plot of land had to be acquired at a cost of Rs. 3722-14-0 for the proposed shifting of the Bazar further to the south of the present site. After necessary expenditure of Rs. 5228-0-0 the Bazar fund stood at Rs. 39005-0-0 as balance at the close of the year.

135. Better arrangement for supply of good drinking water in certain parts of the town appeared necessary Water Supply. and it pleased His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur to direct excavation of a tank to the north of the Ujjayanta Palace which is likely to remove the want. The Municipality arranged to reserve tanks under proper guard as a safeguard against probable contamination during the cholera epidemic.

136. The health of the town was on the whole not quite satisfactory. There were 41 cases of cholera with 16 deaths and 4 cases of small-pox which were cured by Health. the local small-pox doctors.

It may be noted here that malaria prevailed throughout the greater part of the year under report and there was recrudescence of kala-azar also.

137. A sum of Rs. 1305 was spent on some sanitary works Sanitation. within the town. One old tank (Nazir tank) was re-excavated.

138. As before, Dr. M. M. Majumdar, Chief Medical Officer, Charge. remained in charge of the Municipal and Sanitation Departments.

139. A very pleasant and notable function of the year under review was the grand civic reception accorded to our beloved newly born Maharaj Kumar Kirit Bikram Deb Barman Bahadur on the occasion of his first entry in the State Capital on the 7th Falgoon. On arrival of H. H. the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur with the beloved Prince at the municipal gate erected on the boundary of the town, 21 bombs were fired and they were garlanded and received by the Chairman and the municipal commissioners who then conducted the party to the reception pandal. Agartala, the capital town, was profusely illuminated and the citizens vied with each other in decorating their homesteads.

CHAPTER IV—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

I. Weather and Crops—Agriculture.

140. Manyabara Rana Bodhjung Bahadur F. R. C. S., Chief Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur continued to be in charge of the Department assisted by Mr. J. C. Choudhury, S. E. M. S. A. (Tokio) ^{The charge of the Department.} I. R. A. (Agri) S. (London) as Superintendent of Agriculture.

141. The staff of the Department continued to be the same as it was in the previous year except that one Fieldman Staff. U. C. Mazumder died, in the middle of the year, of sick-water fever after his return from a long hill tour. This has been detrimental to the progress of sericultural experiments in Udaipur and her southern Divisions of the State.

142. Propaganda campaign was continued as before in Khowai, Propaganda. Kailashkatar, Dharmanagar, Udaipur and Sonamura

Divisions. Special propaganda was carried on towards extension of cultivation of improved variety of sugarcane, cereals, Eri silk and English vegetables. The Propaganda Stand at Agartala Bazar dealt with seed distribution and the use of Niciphos and Sulphate of Ammonia as useful manures for the rainy and winter crops.

143. The Propaganda Stand at Agartala Bazar served the purpose of demonstration with English vegetable seeds and also rainy season crops. A depot for chemical manures was arranged to be opened at Girish Bank Ltd., supplies being obtained from the Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd. of Calcutta.

144. About 12,000 cuttings of Coimbatore sugarcane were distributed in Kalyanpur and Sadar Division and the result Seed distribution and demonstration. was satisfactory on the whole. Various seeds for horticulture were also distributed among the people.

145. The highest temperature was 90 degree and the lowest 45 Temperature degree in the year under report which was about the same as in the previous year.

146. The average rainfall of the year was 83.02" against 70.56" Rainfall. in the previous year. The quinquennial average was 85.44". Sabroom Division had the maximum fall of 95.41" and Amarapur Sub-Division the minimum of 65.71". The rainfall was the heaviest in the month of Bhadra averaging 18.69."

147. Due to excessive rains and flood there was scarcity of food grains amongst certain hill people in Sabroom Division and a loan of Rs. 400 was issued. The amount was however realised before the close of the year. Some scarcity was also felt in Amarapur Division but the situation did not cause any anxiety.

148. There was flood in Belonia Division twice in Bhadra owing to excessive rain causing damages to crops and house property. For several years Udaipur Division has been subject to flood visitations and the year under review was no exception to the annual inundation. Crops were damaged in the plains of the Division but a good harvest was obtained in the hills.

149. The principal crops were paddy, jute, mustard, til, sugar- Crops. cane and cotton. The cultivation of pineapples increased to a great extent during the year. Potatoes tobacco chillies, and pulses of various types were also grown in some parts of the State.

150. Male labourers earned from 4 annas to 8 annas, female Wages and labour. labourers from 3 annas to 5 annas a day. Gharamies earned from 4 annas to 8 annas and carpenter and masons from 8 annas to Re. 1 only. Most of the labourers were outsiders from the neighbouring British districts as well as up-country coolies.

151. The prices of food-grains were similar to those in the Prices. neighbouring British districts. Rice sold from Rs. 2-4 to Rs. 4-8 and paddy sold from Re. 1 to Rs. 2-8 per maund.

152. The people of the State are mostly agriculturists. They suffered a great deal owing to financial difficulties, as the price of the indigenous commodities continued to be low. The condition of the hill population was slightly better.

153. Even though much hampered by the world-wide depression, Tea Industry. Tea Industry undoubtedly made headway towards progress during the year under review. No new garden was started during the year under report, yet the financial condition of almost all the existing Companies within the State has appreciably improved as compared the past two or three years. The export from almost all the companies has increased in comparison with that of the past year and consequently the revenue. As an important factor among the sources of revenue, it is having due attention and backing from the authorities.

154. It is now established beyond doubt that the soil, rainfall and climatic condition of this State are quite suitable for tea plantation and this industry, though in its infancy here, shows sure indication of prosperity.

155. No Taccavi advances were made during the year under Taccavi. review.

156. The Superintendent of Agriculture inspected the Kalyanpur Agricultural Survey of Reserve area, Khowai Division and several tea Kalyanpur Reserve. estates on his way to the Kalyanpur Reserve area.

157. Several private agricultural farms have been started by Private Farms. some enterprising Bhadralok youths and their number is increasing gradually.

158. Rinderpest, and foot and mouth disease prevailed in various Veterinary parts of the State. 1401 animals in the Veterinary Dispensary at Agartala and 150 animals at mofussil were treated by the Veterinary Surgeon.

159. The Superintendent of Agriculture was out on tour for Tour of the Staff. 31 days and the Veterinary Surgeon for 47 days only during the year.

II. Immigration and Emigration.

160. The charge of the Department was, as before held by Manyabara Rana Saheb Bodhjung Bahadur, F. R. G. S., Chief Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur except during the periods, when he was on duty with His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur, in mofussil, from 6th Jaistha to 23rd Sravan, 6th Asvin to 25th Asvin and from 11th Agrahayāñ to 6th Falgoon, when Dewan Saheb K. Dutt, M. A. B. L., F. R. E. S., M. R. A. S., Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur remained in charge. The office of the Assistant to the Chief Secretary in this Department, was, as in the previous year, with Mr. B. C. Dev Varman.

161. During the year under review 1,602 families immigrated from the State.

162. Families from various directions came to settle down in Kulalhaor during the year under review and the quantity of land required for them was 464 *drones*

3 kanis and *10 gendas*; but proposals in respect of 273 *drones*, *2 kanis* and *10 gendas* of land after proper enquiry, only for 173 families could be sent up to Kallashahr office for sanction. The total number of 399 families are living in the immigration area and reclaiming lands selected for each of them, thus showing a great deal of progress towards reclamation during the year under report.

163. As settlement could not be made promptly for want of a settlement officer on the spot, arrangements have been made, for the convenience of the applicants to allow them the right of reclaiming lands on payment of a part *Naser* of Rs. 1 out of Rs. 8 per *drona*, pending final settlement. This arrangement has proved very successful.

164. The health of the immigrants was reported to have been good during the year under review.

165. The construction of the Kamalpur-Ambassa road up to Salema including temporary bamboo bridges was completed. Condition of the road. The entire road is now open to motor traffic, thus rendering facilities to all to travel this distance of 16 miles in a short time. The condition of the road is now very satisfactory.

166. The diversion work of the Dhahai course in Manik Bhandar Dhahai Diversion Success- has proved a success. This was imperative to protect ful in Manik Bhandar. the road in that village, from rapid erosion.

167. Ranar Bazar at Salema made considerable progress, the number of shops and quantity of sale having increased to some extent, during the year under report.

168. The natural water flow supplying pure drinking water was a relief in the scarcity of drinking water to some extent.

169. The total number of patients both old and new who received treatment in Kulalhaor Dispensary were new 2796- old 654 = 3450 against 2852 in the previous year.

170. During the year under review the Chief Secretary visited the immigration area twice viz.—once in the beginning of the year and again towards the close, when he noted the progress made. In course of the latter journey, the construction of the road with bridges over the cherras and naths was found to have been completed and the Chief Secretary with his Assistant motored from Shimmagal right up to Salema over the new road.

171. Jote settlement of 5 *drones* and 8 *Kanis* of land was granted during the year and a nazar of Rs. 693-8 was realised on this account.

172. Relinquishment of 62 *drones* of waste lands was accepted and consequently a revenue of Rs. 1893-0-6 has to be remitted.

173. Namjari Nagar of Rs. 174 was realised during the year Namjari Nagar, against nil in the previous year.

174. The staff consisted of one permanent and 4 temporary Staff Amins. The Head Amin and the Taujhabis of the Khowai Divisional Office were, in addition to their duties, engaged in the Reserve work till the close of the year when a Moharer for the Reserve work was appointed by this Department.

175. During the year under report the total expenditure on expenditure account of the Reserve work amounted to Rs. 1343-9-6- against Rs. 1073-12-3 in the previous year.

III. Forests.

176. Babu Jatindra Nath Mitra, Naib Dewan, was in charge of Charge & Management. the Department. With the exception of a few Mahals which were let out in *Ijara*, all the forests were under *Khas* management as before.

177. Including the Patrol staff with a Forester, three Head Guards and twenty guards, the Department had a staff of one Station Officer, two Forest Circle Inspectors, fourteen Foresters, fourteen Assistant Foresters, five Rangers, seven Moharers, twentyfour Head guards, eleven Literate Guards and 151 guards.

178. During the year under report the Patrol Staff which is in 3 sections was out on tour in the following Divisions :—

179. One Section was on tour in the Sadar Division for 9 months and 22 days, another in Sonamura Division for 7 months only, and the third in Bilonia Division for 4 months and seventeen days and Sabroom Division for 5 days only.

180. There were 134 commissioned agents for the sale of Permits. forest permits for the shoulder borne export of minor forest produce.

181. There were 51 forest stations for collection of duty and prevention of forest offences. One new Beat Office Forest Station. with a Head Guard and two guards was established during the year under report for the protection of the newly declared Fuel Reserve for supply of fuel in the capital town of Agartala.

182. The Reserved Sal forests of the Sonamura Division continued to be worked under the system of coppice with Working of the Forests. standards and those of the Udalpur Division under the Improvement Method, while the open unclassed forests were worked under the State Forest Rules of 1323 T. E. but for the Feni river Mahal the working rules of the Bengal Forest Department were followed.

183. During the year under report kheda operations were Kheda operations. undertaken in 3 places—one in the Kailashahar Division and two in the Sonamura Division. 5 elephants were caught in the Kailashahar Division and 10 in the Sonamura Division.

184. The Toll Station at Amlighat continued to be under the management of the State Forest Department. The total revenue collected at the station in the year under review was Rs. 39,073 against Rs. 41,086 in the previous year. As before a Sub-Assistant Surgeon was appointed temporarily for four months from December to March last for giving medical relief to the station staff and to the cutters and exporters of forest produce.

185. As in the previous year, the forest produce from the Fee Simple Lots. Simple Lots above the Amlighat Toll Station was exported under passes granted by the Collector of Chittagong.

186. In the year under review there were 238 forest cases against Forest Offences. 483 persons including 57 cases against 145 persons pending from the previous year. The offences are mainly for export of forest produce without payment of duty.

187. Altogether 174 cases against 358 persons were tried of whom 23 were sentenced to imprisonment only; 266 were punished with fine only; and 20 were both imprisoned and fined; 3 were warned and 46 were acquitted. 11 cases against 15 persons were compounded and 53 cases against 110 persons remained pending at the close of the year.

188. One Forester, one Assistant Forester, five Head Guards, Rewards & Punishment. one Literate Guard and 24 guards were rewarded for intelligent detection of cases of smuggling of forest produce. Two Foresters and one guard were fined for misconduct.

189. The health of the staff was generally good.

Health of the Staff.

190. The following table shows the results of the collection of Sources of Revenue. forest revenue :—

Heads of Revenue.	1343 T.E.	1342 T.E.	Increase.	Decrease.	REMARKS.
I. Unclassed open forests :—					
(a) Toll on forest produce exported by the river mehals	2,59,017	2,75,001	—	15,984	
(b) Toll on forest produce exported by land route under permit	61,835	60,191	1,644	—	
(c) Toll collection (share) of the Feni river mehal ...	37,073	28,086	—	1,013	
(d) Grazing mehal ...	8,041	6,003	2,038	—	
(e) Thatching grass mehal	2,858	3,379	—	521	
II. Reserved Forests :—					
Sale of Sal etc	3,894	1,975	1,919	—	
III. Elephant Kheddas	2,616	1,628	988	—	
TOTAL ..	3,65,334	3,76,263	6,589	17,518	

191. Details of collection in the year under report are given below :—

Heads of Revenue.	Quantity of produce exported. Cft.	Duty realised thereon. Rs.	REMARKS.
1. Timber other than Sal...	5,83,563·0	53,350	
2. Sal	12,461	2,616	
3. Produce other than timber.			
(a) Exported under bhatials	—	2,05,667	
(b) Exported by land routes under permits ...	—	61,835	
4. Toll collection (State share) of the Feni river			
(a) Timber	12,205·2	2,190	
(b) Other produce ...	—	24,883	
5. Grazing Mahal ...	—	8,641	
6. Thatching grass Mahal	—	2,858	
7. Elephant Khedas ...	—	2,616	
Total quantity of timber	3,78,229·2	Total 3,65,334	

192. The total forest revenue of the year under report was Rs. 3,65,334 against Rs. 3,76,263 in the previous year showing a decrease of Rs. 10,929 which is attributable to general trade depression and less export of timber for want of timely flood in the rivers.

193. During the year under report, the Match Factory manufactured 8,360 gross of finished match boxes and paid Rs. 78-6-0 to the State as duty on timber used in making these matches.

194. Plantations of Sal, Mahogany and Sonal were started in General His Highness' domain.

195. The Naib Dewan was out on tour for 103 days during the year under report.

IV. Trade and Manufacture:

196. The principal exports were timber and other forest produce of various kinds, cotton, oil-seeds (flax and mustard seed), paddy, jute,

tea, rice and *Gur* (molasses). Some homespun cotton fabrics manufactured by the hill people, especially by the Manipuris were also exported. The principal exports for the year under review and of the Previous years are shown below.

	1341 T. E.	1342 T. E.	1343 T. E.
Cotton ...	56,034 mds.	51,918 mds.	43,290 mds.
Til ...	14,761 "	36,918 "	9,898 "
Mustard seeds	25,936 "	30,398 "	19,704 "
Jute ...	30,454 "	84,904 "	44,162 "
Tea ...	15,21,534 lbs.	15,11,334 lbs.	17,70,097 lbs.

V. Public Works.

197. The Minister himself was in charge of the Public Works Department as before. Honorary Lieutenant J. N. Bhaduri, B. E., continued as State Engineer during the year under report.

198. Statement XX in the appendix gives details of the works executed during the year, the total expenditure including Improvement Works being Rs. 1,66,799 as detailed below against Rs. 1,06,398 in the previous year.

Description of works.	Ordinary Public works.	Improvement works.	TOTAL.
Buildings.	61,873	22,994	84,867
Roads & Bridges.	6,917	34,228	41,145
Tanks & Tube Wells.	1,940	2,180	4,120
Miscellaneous Works.	4,056	13,744	17,800
Minor works at Rajbari.	991	—	991
Establishment charges.	17,876	—	17,876
TOTAL...	93,653	73,146	1,66,799

199. The Minister's Office Building was almost completed during improvement. the year under review. The following other works were done during the year :—

1. Manu Teshil Kutchery at Sabroom with C. I. Roof.
2. Bilonia Jail Extension and Lock-up with C. I. Roof.

3. Some additional works on Sabroom Divisional Office building.
 4. The earth-work of Pravad Pratuli and Champaknagar Roads.
 5. Collection of stone metals for the Akhaura-Agartala Road.
 6. A re-inforced concrete bridge over the Akhaura Khal near the Reserve Police Line.
 7. A tank was excavated at Khowai, the cost having been paid from the Local Fund.
 8. Rs. 4309 as detailed below, was received from outside for the maintenance of the State roads which was also spent for road improvement.
 - (a) Rs. 2809 from the British Government for road development works.
 - (b) Rs. 1500 from the District Board of Tippera as their annual contribution for Agartala-Akhaura Road.
 9. The total expenditure in connection with Electric Supply was Rs. 15,002 as against Rs. 17,125.
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CHAPTER V—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

I. Revenue.

200. The total collection in the year was Rs. 13,39,810 against Rs. 13,49,108 in the previous year.

201. The details of income under different heads with all variations are given in the statement below :—

Serial number.	HEADS OF REVENUE.	1343 T.R.	1342 T.R.	AS COMPARED WITH 1342 T.R.		REMARKS.
				Increase.	Decrease.	
1.	Land Revenue	4,50,707	4,18,825	31,882	—	
2.	Rents of markets	6,137	6,477	—	340	
3.	Family Tax in the hills ...	46,960	45,459	1,501	—	
4.	Toll on forest produce ...	3,20,852	3,35,192	—	14,340	
5.	Do. Do. on the Feni Rivers	27,073	23,066	—	1,013	
6.	Elephant & buffalo grazing Mehal	8,041	6,000	2,038	—	
7.	Thatching grass Mehal ...	2,858	3,379	—	521	
8.	Reserved Sal Forests ...	3,894	1,975	1,919	—	
9.	Tax on cotton and oil-seeds ..	1,06,839	1,40,040	—	33,201	
10.	Royalty on elephants caught ...	2,616	1,628	989	—	
11.	Adda Mehul	24,435	22,499	1,936	—	
12.	Excise	41,654	40,279	1,375	—	
13.	Stamps and Court-fees ...	61,014	66,416	—	4,901	
14.	Law and Justice (Fines)...	2,366	2,974	—	62	
15.	Process fees	10,164	11,950	—	1,806	
16.	Registration	6,036	5,800	236	—	
17.	Jail	4,770	2,111	2,659	—	
18.	Cattle pounds	3,747	4,349	—	602	
19.	Nastur	26,630	26,665	3,037	—	
20.	Education...	16,566	14,090	466	—	
21.	Tea Export duty ...	12,660	9,318	3,322	—	
22.	Jute Export duty ...	21,964	21,398	576	—	
23.	Deparation Contribution ...	77,234	80,864	—	3,630	
24.	Recovery of personal advances	—	1,219	—	1,219	
25.	Miscellaneous	48,164	48,974	—	800	
TOTAL ...		16,39,810	18,48,108	32,291	62,179	
						Net increase Rs. 9,298

202. Income under the head "Recovery of personal advances" has been included into the head "Miscellaneous" during the year under review.

203. There was a decrease in respect of 11 heads of income aggregating Rs. 62,179 against an increase, under 14 heads, amounting to Rs. 52,881 which resulted in a net decrease of Rs. 9,298. It may be noted here that the excise income in the previous year was obtained without incurring any establishment charges while in the year under review several mehals were run under Khas management and the cost amounted to Rs. 11,992. Adding the same to the net decrease of Rs. 9,298 the real decrease stands at Rs. 21,290.

204. The increase under head Land Revenue should not be taken to denote good collection as the percentage of collection has been on the wane since 1340 T. E.

205. The Tea duty increased in comparison with the previous 2 years which was due to rise in price and larger export.

206. The increase under other heads is not noticeable.

207. The increase under head Excise is not real as the income includes the cost of Khas management of Sadar Excise mehals. With a deduction of the same the income stands at Rs. 29,662 as against Rs. 40,279 in the previous year, which means a net decrease of Rs. 10,617. The fall in Excise income in respect of shops on the Assam border was due to the action of the authorities of the Government of Assam in suddenly reducing the rates of duty on *ganja* from Rs. 69 to Rs. 29 owing to which a number of shops were adversely affected and some surrendered their licences.

208. The income under head "Stamps & Court fees" was Rs. 61,514 as against Rs. 66,415 in the previous year and Rs. 1,06,120 in 1339 T. E. The marked fall under this head as well as under "Process fees" as compared with the previous year does not speak well of the condition of the people.

209. The cause of decrease under head "Toll on Forest produce" has been explained in the Forest section.

210. The decrease under head "Tax on Cotton and Oil-seeds" in comparison with 1342 T. E. was Rs. 33,201 and is attributable to a sudden fall in the price of *til*.



II. Finances.

211. A consolidated abstract account of the financial transactions of the State and the attached Zemindaries as compared with those of the previous year is given below :—

Receipts.	1342 T.R.	1343 T.R.	Expenditure.	1342 T.R.	1343 T.R.	
1. Opening balance:			1. General Administration charges :—			
(1) State ...	6,81,015	6,66,083	(a) State	5,01,992	5,48,625	
(2) Zemindaries ...	4,14,135	3,39,198	(b) Zemindaries :— 1. Cost of management	1,41,279	1,39,358	
			2. Cost of litigation	1,04,889	1,17,193	
Total ...	10,05,150	10,05,281		2,46,161	2,55,551	
			Total ...	7,48,103	8,06,176	
2. Income :—			2. Revenue and Taxes on account of the Zemindaries	2,73,891	2,88,830	
(1) State ...	13,49,108	13,39,810	3. Public Works—(a) State	1,11,070	1,60,413	
(2) Zemindaries ...	8,50,918	9,08,361	(b) Zemindaries ...	50,491	60,835	
Total ...	22,00,026	22,48,171	Total ...	1,61,570	2,29,748	
3. Law charges recovered :—			4. Electric Light—State	17,125	16,002	
(1) Zemindaries ...	38,414	38,576	5. Municipality—State	8,000	8,000	
			6. Education—(a) State	1,28,441	1,28,021	
			(b) Zemindaries ...	8,086	8,962	
			Total ...	1,30,527	1,33,983	
4. Refunds and compensation for lands acquired :—			7. Medical and Sanitation :—(a) State ...	94,070	97,829	
(1) Zemindaries ...	5,263	2,380	(b) Zemindaries ...	11,156	11,737	
			Total ...	1,05,226	1,09,566	
5. Deposits :—			8. Survey and Settlement—(a) State ...	10,029	36,545	
(1) State ...	3,11,672	2,14,494	(b) Zemindaries ...	896	1,188	
(2) Zemindaries ...	34,771	33,572	Total ...	10,925	37,733	
Total ...	3,46,343	2,48,066	9. Agriculture, Commerce and Industries—State ...	7,380	7,929	
			10. Religious Expenses—(a) State ...	57,149	62,948	
			(b) Zemindaries ...	6,471	6,339	
			Total ...	63,620	69,287	
6. Loans received :—			11. Sultanat—State ...	40,128	62,640	
(1) State ...	—	—	12. Purchase of Land Tenures :—	711	10,021	
(2) Zemindaries ...	—	—	(a) State ...	8,680	1,974	
Total ...	—	—	(b) Zemindaries ...	4,341	11,305	
			Total ...	45,146	66,312	
			(b) Zemindaries ...	7,925	9,980	
			Total ...	53,070	66,292	
			14. Ordinary Sancar charges :—	•	•	
			(a) His Highness's own and the late Maharaja's family ...	88,672	84,167	
			(b) Other branches of the Raj family ...	1,24,202	1,17,830	
			(c) Thakurs ...	32,199	31,214	
			(d) Sancar office establishment ...	13,676	12,875	
			(e) Miscellaneous ...	51,949	57,118	
			Total ...	3,10,698	3,43,204	
			15. Charity and Donation :—(a) State ...	15,636	16,387	
			(b) Zemindaries ...	4,540	6,744	
			Total ...	20,176	25,133	
			16. His Highness's Nij Tahabil :—State ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	
			17. His Highness's tour—State ...	68,000	1,09,495	
			18. Payment of liabilities and deposits :—	1,90,957	59,311	
			(a) State ...	1,23,826	19,985	
			(b) Zemindaries ...	3,14,583	79,276	
			Total ...	9,146	12,068	
			(b) Zemindaries ...	3,703	6,300	
			Total ...	12,849	18,368	
			20. Advances to employees :—	Zemindaries ...	837	600
			21. Write off of irrecoverable advances :—	State ...	10,000	924
			22. Repayment of old debts—State ...	1,38,649	4,68,811	
			23. Pay of the discharged officers :—	State ...	40,310	—
			24. Interest on deposits—State ...	Total ...	26,49,915	30,40,040
			25. Closing Balance :—	(a) State	•	•
			In Cash	1,39,368	1,85,438	
			At Bank	5,076	2,761	
			Working balance :—	In Cash ...	—	20,963
			At Bank ...	—	3,94,219	
			In bonds and advances ...	5,21,639	4,45,835	
			Total ...	6,68,083	10,59,214	
			(b) Zemindaries :—	In Cash ...	97,853	1,04,348
			At Bank ...	40,651	51,642	
			In bonds and advances ...	1,91,694	1,94,836	
			Total ...	3,36,198	3,50,820	
			Total of State & Zemindaries' balances ...	10,06,281	14,02,634	
			Total of State & Zemindaries' expenditure ...	26,49,915	30,40,040	
			GRAND TOTAL ...	30,65,196	44,49,374	

212. The year opened with a balance of Rs. 10,05,281 against Receipts. Rs. 10,65,150 in the year before. During the year under report, the total receipts from all sources including deposits, loans and law charges recovered, amounted to Rs. 34,37,193 against Rs. 25,90,046 in the previous year. Thus the total sum available for expenditure including the opening balance was Rs. 44,42,474 against Rs. 36,55,196. The actual income including receipts under debt heads amounted to Rs. 22,89,127 against Rs. 22,43,703 showing an increase of Rs. 45,424. During the year under report a loan of Rs. 9,00,000 was taken from the Government of India for liquidation of old debts and stabilisation of the finances of the State.

213. The total Expenditure incurred during the year amounted to Rs. 30,40,040 against Rs. 26,49,915 in the previous Expenditure. year, showing an increase of Rs. 3,90,125. The year closed with a balance of Rs. 14,02,434 of which Rs. 3,10,741 represented actual cash in the Treasuries while the balance of Rs. 10,91,693 was held in banks and in loans and advances.

214. A quinquennial statement of the Receipts and Expenditure of the State and the attached Zemindaries is given below :—

Serial No.	Year	STATE		ZEMINDARY		REMARKS.
		Receipts.	Expenditure	Receipts.	Expenditure	
1.	1339 T. E.	22,48,300	23,03,443	11,89,401	11,14,509	The figure for the year 1343 T. E. for the State include on the receipt side the loan of Rs. 9,00,000 (Rupees nine lacs) taken from the Government of India and on the debit side the expenditure incurred for liquidation of old debts.
2.	1340 T. E.	17,50,436	17,44,110	10,19,056	10,27,138	
3.	1341 T. E.	17,00,268	17,40,914	8,72,924	8,29,781	
4.	1342 T. E.	19,10,680	18,95,812	9,29,868	10,04,303	
5.	1343 T. E.	27,34,804	28,48,173	9,82,889	9,71,867	
Average ...		20,86,795	20,07,860	9,98,727	9,89,520	

The world-wide trade depression which made itself felt in the State in the year 1339 T. E., had its worst effect in the year 1340 T. E. and accounts for the decline in receipts in those years. Signs of gradual recovery from the effect of the economic slump became, however, perceptible in the year 1342 T. E. when the receipts showed appreciable increase in comparison with the previous two years. In view of the fall in receipts a very cautious policy was followed as regards expenditure which had to be cut down to keep it within the receipts.

215. The noticeable variations in expenditure are explained below :—

i. ADMINISTRATION CHARGES :—

STATE—The actual increase was Rs. 46,683. The increase was due to the following reasons.

- (a) Usual time scale increment of pay.
- (b) Purchase of a motor car for the conveyance of officers.
- (c) Expenditure in connection with the birthday ceremony of the newly born Maharaj Kumar Bahadur.

(d) Departmental management of some excise shops.

(e) Appointment of extra staff in Tahasil, Police, Jail, Forest and other Departments.

(f) Purchase of an elephant for the Forest Department.

(g) Miscellaneous expenditure, specially under the head Military.

ZEMINDARIES—The increase of Rs. 10,390 was due to litigation charges.

ii. REVENUE AND TAXES :—

ZEMINDARIES—The increase of Rs. 15,009 was due to payment of arrears of previous year.

iii. PUBLIC WORKS.

STATE—The increase of Rs. 58,334 was mainly due to progress of Improvement works which were postponed in previous years.

ZEMINDARIES—The increase was Rs. 9,844. This was due to payment of arrear bills.

iv ELECTRIC LIGHT :—

The decrease was Rs. 2,123. This was due to general curtailment of expenditure.

v. MUNICIPALITY :—

There was no decrease or increase in expenditure.

vi EDUCATION :—

STATE—The decrease was Rs. 3,420. The decrease was due to general curtailment of expenditure.

ZEMINDARIES—The decrease was negligible.

vii. MEDICAL :—

STATE—The increase was Rs. 3,759. This was mainly due to the expenditure incurred in connection with the treatment of Maharajkumari Basantaprava Devi in Switzerland and the usual time scale increment of pay.

ZEMINDARIES—The increase is negligible.

viii. SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT :—

STATE—The increase was Rs. 17,516. This was due to the expenditure incurred in connection with the Topographical Survey of the State by the Survey of India authority.

ZEMINDARIES—The slight increase was due to extra expenditure on account of pay of the staff.

ix. AGRICULTURE, COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES :—

STATE—The slight increase was due to the usual time scale increment of pay and miscellaneous expenditure.

x. RELIGIOUS EXPENDITURE :—

STATE—The increase was Rs. 5,799. This was due to some extra expenditure incurred within the year.

ZEMINDARIES—The decrease is negligible.

xi. SULTANAT :—

STATE—The increase was Rs. 22,515. Which was mainly due to the purchase of two motor cycles, four elephants and furniture and pictures for the Palace.

xii. PURCHASE OF LAND TENURES :—

STATE—The increase was Rs. 9,310. This was due to an old account being adjusted within the year under report.

xiii. PENSION AND GRATUITY :—

STATE—The increase was Rs. 11,167. This was due to retirement of officers in the State.

ZEMINDARIES—The slight increase was due to retirement of officers.

xiv. ORDINARY SANSAR CHARGES :—

The increase was Rs. 32,506. This was mainly due to the expenditure incurred in connection with the marriage ceremony of Maharajkumari Jyotsna Devi and Maharajkumari Mallika Devi.

xv. CHARITY AND DONATION :—

The increase was Rs. 4,957. This was due to some special donations to (i) Her Excellency the Countess of Willingdon's Hospital fund, (ii) His Excellency the Viceroy's Earthquake Relief Fund, (iii) The Jadavpur College of Engineering and Technology, (iv) Sree Gouriya Math and (v) Islamia College Duty Fund.

xvi. HIS HIGHNESS'S NIJTAHABIL :—

The expenditure was the same as in the previous year.

xvii. HIS HIGHNESS'S TOUR :—

The increase which was Rs. 41,495 was due mainly to old bills being paid in the year under report.

xviii. PAYMENT OF LIABILITIES AND DEPOSITS :—

STATE—The decrease was Rs. 1,31,646. This was due to some old deposits being repaid from the separate provision for repayment of old debts.

ZEMINDARIES—The decrease was Rs. 1,03,661. In the previous year the excessive expenditure was due to repayment of overdrafts received from the Imperial Bank of India while no such expenditure was necessary in the year under report. This accounts for the decrease.

xix. MISCELLANEOUS :—

The increase was Rs. 5,519. This was due mainly to the expenditure incurred in connection with the Balrampur Succession Certificate case and some unforeseen expenditure.

xxii. REPAYMENT OF OLD DEBTS :—

The increase was Rs. 3,54,962. In the year under report a special provision was made for repayment of old debts. Almost all outstanding debts which could be settled in the year were paid up. This accounts for the increase under this head.

xxiv. PAYMENT OF INTEREST ON DEPOSITS :—

A special provision was made in the year under report for interests on deposits.

216. Two comparative Statements of Receipts and Expenditure of the State and the Zemindaries with the respective Revised Estimates are given in Appendices (XXVI) and (XXVII).

217. In the State, the total Receipts showed an increase of Rs. 82,304 and Rs. 17,304 in comparison with the original and revised Budget Estimates respectively. The reason for the appreciable increase in comparison with the original Budget Estimate was that the loan of Rs. 9,00,000 received from the Government of India in September was not included in the original Estimate.

218. In the Zemindaries, the total Receipts fell short of the original Budget Estimate by Rs. 12,111.

219. Babu Jatindra Nath Mitra continued to be in charge of the Accounts and Treasury Department till Thakur Kamini Kumar Singh took charge of the Department on the 18th Jaistha.

CHAPTER VI—MEDICAL.

220. As before, there were, during the year under report, altogether 18 dispensaries in the State—the Victoria Memorial Hospital at the capital included.

221. The total number of new patients treated in the above hospital and dispensaries together with their daily average as compared with the year preceding is shewn in the subjoined statement.

PATIENTS	1942 T. E.			1943 T. E.		
	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.	Outdoor.	Indoor.	Total.
PATIENTS	1,27,755	758	1,28,513	1,30,193	887	1,31,080
Daily average	380.01	2.15	352.16	356.69	2.43	359.12

222. The out-patients (new + old) totalled 2,46,246 as against 2,14,461 in the year previous—the daily average being 674.56 against 644.6.

223. Including the previous year's balance of 20, the total number of in-patients was 887 as against 758 in the preceding year. Of these, 707 were cured, 122 were relieved or otherwise discharged, 41 died and 17 remained under treatment at the close of the year. Thus it will be seen that the number of both out-patients and in-patients rose by 2438 and 129 respectively over the previous year's figures.

224. In all, 1230 operations were performed during the year with 20 major cases. The previous year's figures Surgical Operation. were 1262 and 15 respectively.

225. Altogether 147 police cases were admitted against 184 cases of the year before, of which post-mortem cases were Police Cases. 15 against 21.

226. The out-door attendance of new patients in the Victoria M. Hospital. Memorial Hospital numbered 21495 as against 18439 in the year preceding—the daily average of new and old patients being 115.56 against 98.28.

The total admission of in-patients was 518 as against 497 with daily average (new+old) of 16.91 against 17.38. Of the number, 379 were cured, 92 were relieved or discharged otherwise, 39 died and 8 remained under treatment at the end of the year.

Altogether Rs. 9482-13-0 were expended on this institution as against Rs. 8472-1-0 in the year before.

227. As before, Kaviraj Surendra Chandra Bhattacharya, Baidya-Ayurvedic Department, ratna, continued to remain in charge of this Department, during the year under report. 47 patients were treated by him as against 52 in the year preceding.

The expenditure due to his salary and the cost of medicines came upto Rs. 2651-5-0 as against Rs. 2937-11-6 in the previous year,

228. Two Assistant Homœopaths under the direct control of Dr. M. M. Majumdar, Chief Medical Officer, Homœopathic Department, performed the work of this Department. 17563 patients were treated during the year under review as against 16686 of the year before—the daily average (new+old) being 91.62 against 80.87.

The total expenditure on this account amounted to Rs. 2324-15-9 as against Rs. 2226-15-3 in the previous year.

229. 5638 vaccine operations were successful out of 7087 performed as against 5723 and 7257 respectively of the year before.

30 Vaccinators worked in the hills and plains. Two Small-pox vaccinators doctors and two inspectors inspected their works.

The total cost on this account was Rs. 1453-15-6 as against Rs. 1286-8-6.

230. In addition to the existing centre at the capital, another centre was opened at Tilabazar in Kailashahar Division Kala-nazar. in the middle of the year under report. The total number of cases treated in both centres was 263. Of these, 100 were cured, 1 died, 115 were relieved or otherwise discharged and 47 remained under treatment at the end of the year.

The total cost incurred on this account was Rs. 1197 as against Rs. 878 in the year previous.

231. At the instance of the British Empire Leprosy Association, Bengal Branch, a leprosy survey was carried out in different parts of the State with the result that a good number of cases was found out in the Sadar Division and in the interior of the hills, chiefly amongst the hill people. Two leprosy clinics were open— one at the Capital town and the other at Khowai town—under the management of Dr. Parbati Charan Sen, M. B., specially appointed for this branch. Dr. B. N. Ghose, Leprosy Propaganda Officer, Bengal, very kindly opened the clinics and inspected them at the end of the year under review. It is in contemplation to open other centres elsewhere in due course. Two cinema shows on all phases of leprosy were arranged in the Capital town which were highly appreciated by all.

Of the total number 145 admitted in both clinics, 9 were cured or made symptom-free, 72 were relieved, 4 remained stationary and 60 left treatment of their own accord—mainly due to the difficulties and inconveniences of having had to walk over long distances crossing hills and streams.

232. Cholera made its appearance in Sadar, Khowai, Kailashahar and Dharanagar Divisions. In the last named **Cholera.** Division it raged in a virulent form. So far as reported, 159 died out of 289 persons attacked. 2742 persons were inoculated. Small-pox appeared sporadically in Sadar Division. 13 persons were attacked but all of them were successfully treated by the Small-pox doctors.

233. As before, Dr. M. M. Majumdar, L. M. S., remained in charge of the Medical Department with Dr. S. K. Dutt, L. M. S., Dr. A. Sen Gupta, M. B. and Dr. N. Deb Barman, M. B., as his assistants in the Capital. Besides, a regular staff of Medical subordinates was maintained in different places together with 3 Midwives in the Capital town.

234. Dr. M. M. Majumdar and Dr. A. Sen Gupta were out for Inspection. 13 days and inspected 3 dispensaries.

235. The total expenditure incurred for the Medical Department **Total Expenditure.** in the year under report stood at Rs. 65,829 as against Rs. 64,070 in the preceding year.

CHAPTER VII—PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

236. Mr. S. C. Deb Barman, M. A. (Harvard), Senior Naib Dewan, continued to be in charge of the Education Department.

237. The total number of schools (including private schools) **Number of Schools.** during the year under review was 184 against 205 in the previous year, and the total numerical strength 8,342 against 9,623 including 1,093 pupils reading in private institutions numbering 39 as against 53 in the preceding year.

238. There were 5 H. E. Schools as before and one Branch H. E. School in the State. All the H. E. Schools **H. E. Schools.** are permanently affiliated to the Calcutta University. Class IX was opened provisionally in the Branch H. E. School at Udaipur, on condition that the public would agree to bear the additional cost of maintaining extra staff. The total number of pupils in all these institutions were 1,483 as against 1,410 in the previous year, and the average daily attendance stood at 1,150·15 against 1,106·55.

239. Agartala, the capital of the State, continued to be a centre for the Matriculation Examination. The State H. E.

Matriculation Examination. Schools are allowed to send up candidates to this centre. One female private student and one candidate

from Chunna H. E. School in Tipperah district sat for the examination in this centre in the year under report in addition to the candidates from the State schools.

240. - The examination was conducted under the direct control and supervision of the Minister. The Department looked after the convenience of the candidates, coming from *Mofussil*, in respect of accommodation and other necessary matters.

241. Altogether 60 candidates were sent up for the Matriculation

Examination from the State H. E. Schools against

Result of the Matriculation Examination: 74 in the previous year. The result of the Examination is given below :—

	No. sent up.	Passed.	1st Division.	2nd Division.	3rd Division.
1. U. K. Academy	30	21	6	13	2
2. R. K. Institution	10	9	5	3	1
3. B. K. Institution	10	10	7	3	0
4. B. B. Institution	5	5	3	2	0
5. N. Ch. Institution	5	3	0	2	1
Total	60	48	21	23	4

242. The result on the whole was satisfactory, percentage of successful candidates being 80 against 72·97 in the previous year. The percentage of passes in the 1st Division on the total number of passes was the highest for the B. K. Institution *viz.* 70, and lowest for the U. K. Academy *viz.* 28.

243. The three successful candidates topping the list, the first and the second belonging to B. B. Institution and the third belonging to R. K. Institution, were awarded scholarships of Rs. 15, Rs. 10 and Rs. 8 per month in order of merit. The result of the B. B. Institution in the Matriculation Examination is noticeable.

244. In the year under review, there were 9 Middle English Schools for boys with 1,092 pupils on the rolls against 8 schools with 983 pupils in the previous year. The average daily attendance was 883·58 against 762·22 in the previous year.

245. There was one M. E. School for girls at Agartala, namely the Maharani Tulsibati Girls' School, the numerical strength of which was 77 as against 89 in the previous year and the average daily attendance was 62·81 against 66·33. By special permission of this Department, some girls were allowed to continue higher studies in this school under the tuition of the Head Mistress. For conveyance of the girls, motor bus service was continued as before.

246. There was only one Higher Vernacular School for boys as in the previous year, with 77 students on the roll, the average daily attendance being 64·02 but the school was reduced to L. V. School in the year under report.

247. The total number of Lower Vernacular Schools for boys was 26 against 23 in the previous year. The total L. V. Schools. numerical strength was 1,255 against 1,413 and the average daily attendance was 1,013·7 against 1,104·48 in the previous year. In some of these schools, boys and girls read together.

248. There were 76 Pathshalas for boys against 87 in the Pathshalas for boys. previous year. The total number of boys was 2,183 against 2,666 and the average daily attendance was 1,733·04 against 1,957·19. In some of these schools boys and girls read together. Under special orders of the Education Department, some boys of some of these institutions were allowed to read the Lower Vernacular standard.

249. There were 9 Pathshalas for girls in the year under review Pathshalas for girls. as in the previous year. The total numerical strength was 319 as against 273 and the average daily attendance was 240·11 against 226·72 in the year preceding. In some of these schools, some girls were allowed, under special orders, to read the Lower Vernacular standard.

250. Altogether 784 candidates appeared at the different scholarship examination. ship examinations of the State against 799 in the previous year. Of these, 662 candidates including 92 girls came out successful. The result on the whole was satisfactory. 61 students including 13 girls passed the M. E. Examination and 2 girls passed the H. V. Examination this year. In the L. V. Examination, the number of successful candidates was 150 including girls, and in the Pathshala Examination the number was 448 including 60 girls. Amongst these candidates 9 candidates appeared from different Moktab and Madrassas of the State. On the results of the examination 13 boys and 6 girls were awarded monthly scholarships varying from Rs. 2 to Rs. 5 tenable for two to four years.

251. In the year under review, there were 13 schools for special training, consisting of 5 Sanskrit Zols, 7 Madrassas Schools for special training. and Moktabs and one Silpasram (Artisan School). The Sanskrit Zols had 50 students on the rolls against 39 in the previous year and the average daily attendance was 38·27 against 30·01. The Rajakiya Sanskrit Vidyalaya at Agartala sent up 6 candidates for the Government Sanskrit Title, Intermediate and Preliminary Examinations against 5 in the preceding year and one for Preliminary Sanskrit Examination in Kavya and one for Preliminary Sanskrit Examination in Saraswat Vyakarana of the Dacca Saraswat Samaj, in the year under report,

252. The result was satisfactory. All the candidates passed the Government Sanskrit Examinations in different subjects in which they appeared. Amongst the candidates who appeared at the Examination of the Saraswat Samaj only one came out successful.

253. The Madrassas and Moktobs had 235 students on the rolls as against 388 in the previous year and the daily average attendance was 183·6 against 300·82.

254. There were as before 4 Free Primary Schools with 508 pupils including girls against 418 in the previous year.

**Free Compulsory
Primary Schools.**

The subjoined statement will show the number of students, their classes and the average daily attendance. The number of Hindu and Mahomedan pupils rose by 91 and 6 respectively but the number from other classes fell by 1.

Schools.	No. of Students.		Average daily attendance		Kusma	Thakur	Tripura	Laskar	Manipuri	Bengali Hindu	Mahomedan
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls							
1. No. 1 U. K. Academy	157	128	105.1	96.7	1	6	2	0	0	265	18
2. No. 2 Tulsibati	16	80	9.4	40.2	0	12	0	0	4	80	0
3. No. 3 Bejoy Kumar	28	75	10.	59.2	0	22	15	0	0	53	6
4. No. 4 Thakur Palli	29	0	18.01	0	0	12	15	0	0	2	0
	228	280	187.51	185.1	1	52	82	0	4	395	24

255. The comparative statement below will show the number of non-Bengalee students receiving education in the several schools of the State :—

Serial number.	Nationality	NUMBER OF STUDENTS.		Remarks.
		Past year.	Present year.	
1.	Rajkumars ...	4	5	
2.	Thakurs ...	213	282	
3.	Manipuris ...	634	568	
4.	Tripuras ...	1053	977	
5.	Reangs ...	0	13	
6.	Kukis ...		1	
7.	Chakmas ...	2	1	
8.	Lushais ...	1	1	
9.	Others... ...	96	44	
10.	Christians ...	0	0	
	Total	2,004	1,892	

256. Maharajkumar Durjoy Kishore Deb Barman Bahadur prosecuted his Post Diploma Course at the Mayo College, Ajmer, up till December and later on joined the Military service of the State and was deputed to Shillong Military Camp for training. He is expected to join the Prince of Wales Military Academy at Dehra Dun.

257. The Maharajkumaries received their education as before under a graduate lady teacher and a Pandit. Special arrangement was made for the education of Maharajkumar Karna Kishore Deb Barman Bahadur as before at Agartala.

258. Kumar Ramendra Kishore Deb Barman Bahadur passed the Matriculation Examination from the St. Gregory's High School under the Board of Secondary Education, Dacca. Maharajkumar Hemanta Kishore Deb Barman Bahadur after passing the I. Sc. examination of the Calcutta University got himself admitted into Thomason Engineering College at Roorkee but owing to certain reasons, left the college after three months.

259. The Rajkumar Boarding House at Comilla had 14 inmates of whom 11 were from the different branches of the Ruling family and the remaining 3 were Rana Bahadurs, related to the Raj Family. 11 of the inmates were reading in the Comilla Zilla School, one in the Comilla

**Education of other
Kumars.**

**Kumar Boarding House
at Comilla.**

Iswar Pathshala and 2 in the Victoria College, Comilla. In the year under review 2 Maharajkumars and 1 Kumar passed the Matriculation Examination and 1 Kumar passed the I. Sc. Examination. The boarders were placed under the charge of a Superintending tutor who in addition to his tutorial works looked after the management of the Boarding House. There was also one assistant graduate resident tutor. Besides the above, one graduate teacher was engaged for coaching some Kumars in the morning.

260. 12. Thakur boys receiving higher education in various colleges and technical schools were awarded stipends from the Education Department.

261. The number of Boarders in the Thakur Boarding House was 32 against 21 in the previous year. The staff consisted of one graduate Guardian Superintendent, one under-graduate Resident Tutor and one Manager Tutor. The average daily attendance of the boarders was 28 against 25·2 in the previous year. 3 Thakur boys appeared at the Matriculation Examination and 2 came out successful.

262. There were altogether 16 boarders from Class IV to Matriculation Class in the old Tripura Boarding House against 18 in the previous year. All of these 16 boarders received free boarding and lodging. A wholetime graduate Superintending Tutor looked after the boys as well as the boarding management as before. Another tutor was engaged to coach the boys in the morning. There was a small library in the Boarding House and the boys were encouraged in Agricultural pursuits within the Boarding compound. There was a newly started Boarding House with 33 Tripura boys reading in lower classes against 27 in the previous year. Of these 6 were allowed stipends. A manager tutor was engaged to coach the boys both in the morning and evening and was entrusted with the management of the boarding. The boarders were allowed a piece of ground for agricultural pursuits.

263. There were 61 boarders in the Tripura Boarding House at Khowai against 47 in the previous year, some receiving free boarding. One graduate Superintending Tutor and one assistant tutor were appointed for coaching the boys both in the morning and the evening. The Superintending Tutor looked after the boarding management in addition to his tutorial work. A spacious newly built house was provided at a cost of Rs. 2,000 offering accommodation for 100 hill boys. The number on the roll is gradually increasing, showing an increasing interest of the hill people for education.

264. There were 33 boarders on the roll in the Ram Kumar Boarding School against 32 in the previous year and the average daily attendance was 28·78 against 27·98 in the preceding year. Two tutors were appointed to coach the boarders and one of them looked after the boarding management in addition.

265. There were 20 convicts reading in the primary school in School for convicts. the Central Jail, out of which 2 appeared in the Scholarship Examination in the year under report and came out successful.

266. The Woodburn Artisan School and Silpasram continued to be under the control of the Chief Secretary to Woodburn Artisan School & Silpasram. His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur. The school had on the roll 22 students against 23 in the preceding year. In the year under review the average daily attendance was 10.25 against 10.54 in the previous year. There were 11, 6 and 5 students in the Carpentry, Black-smith and Brass-smith Sections respectively. The subjoined statement will show the number of students, their classes (castes) and their average attendance in the year under review. 13 students were awarded monthly stipends varying from Re. 1.8 to Rs. 8 each.

Name of School	Number of Students	Theurs	Tripara	Lakar	Manipuri	Bengali Hindu	Mahomesan	Others	Average attendance
Woodburn Artisan School and Silpasram ...	22	4	—	2	2	12	2	—	10.25

267. 3 Lushai boys were awarded Lusai stipends in the year under report of whom one read in one of the H. E. Lushai Stipends. Schools of the State and the other two prosecuted their studies elsewhere in school and college.

268. 17 students were awarded special stipends in the year under review of whom 10 read in different schools of this Special Stipends. State and the remaining 7 prosecuted their studies elsewhere in different schools, colleges, and technical institutions.

269. The Senior Naib Dewan was out on tour for 9 days. During Inspection Work. the year under review he was away from the station on leave for some months due to illness and was to some extent for that reason unable to go out to some divisions as done in previous years. There were three Sub-Inspectors of schools as before who inspected all the schools other than the H. E. schools, within their respective jurisdictions in Sadar, Khowai, Kailashahar and Dharm Nagar Divisions. Revenue and Forest inspectors visited and inspected the schools in the remaining Divisions.

270. Mahankumar Narottam Kishore Deb Barman Bahadur Library. continued to be the Librarian of the Bir Chandra Library at Agartala which was maintained in two separate sections as before, viz :—(1) The English section, located in the Ujjayanta Palace, and (2) the Vernacular section in the building, near the local H. E. School. The latter section was open to the public. The number of English books (including foreign literature) and that of the Bengali and Sanskrit books were the same as before. In the year under report there were 4 daily newspapers, 3 weeklies and

7 monthlies against 4, 2 and 5 respectively in the previous year. The average daily attendance in the vernacular section of the library was 8 against 13·8 in the previous year and the total number of books issued to the public was 3,009 against 2,658.

271. The total expenditure on public instruction in the year under report amounted to Rs. 1,25,021 against Expenditure. Rs. 1,28,441. Details of expenditure are noted below :—

1. Primary Education	Rs. 27,686
2. Secondary Education	„ 48,458
3. Schools for Special Training	„ 2,127
4. Compulsory Free Primary Education ...	„ 1,632
5. Boarding Institutions for Thakur boys ...	„ 6,756
6. Education of Kumars & Kumaris ...	„ 26,424
7. Scholarships and Stipends	„ 5,611
8. Library	„ 1,812
9. Tripura Boarding	„ 3,073
10. Miscellaneous...	„ 1,442

272. The total receipts from the schools amounted to Rs. 14,566 Income against Rs. 14,086 in the previous year.

CHAPTER VIII—ZEMINDARIES.

Chakla Roshnabad Estates.

273. The management of His Highness' Zemindaries in British Management India continued in the hands of Manyabazar Rai J. C. Sen Bahadur, B. A., B. C. S. (retired) for the whole year. The Manager was assisted by a Deputy Manager at Comilla and three Assistant Managers posted at Feni, Mogra and Simangal.

274. The all-round economic depression, noticed in previous years, continued during the whole year owing to low prices of jute and paddy. Relief was given to the Talukdars and the tenants as in the previous years, in the shape of general remission of interest and damages. The policy of allowing petty demands to be time-barred was also continued.

275. The gross Revenue demand of the year was Rs. 10,21,376 Demand. against Rs. 10,22,733 in the previous year.

276. The total receipts amounted to Rs. 9,82,889 (including Receipts. Rs. 8,819 of the Tripura Raj Central Co-operative Bank Ltd. and Rs. 2,041 on account of Debottar Mahals) against Rs. 9,29,366 in the previous year.

277. The total expenditure in the year under review was Expenditure. Rs. 9,71,867 including repayment of old debts and refund of deposits to the extent of Rs. 19,965 together with a contribution of Rs. 2,80,000 to the State. The total expenditure

during the previous year was Rs. 10,04,303. Of the total expenditure during the year under review, Rs. 2,88,830 was on account of Land Revenue, taxes and cesses while the total administration charges of the Zemindaries including public works and Law charges amounted to Rs. 3,34,354 against Rs. 3,09,176 in the previous year.

278. The following other items of expenditure aggregating Rs. 3,48,683 are noticeable :—

1. Loans and advances ...	... ...	Rs. 600
2. Donations ...	... ...	Rs. 6,746
3. Medical charges ...	... ...	" 11,737
4. Education charges ...	... ...	" 8,962
5. Religious ceremonies ...	... ...	" 6,339
6. Sansar stipends ...	... ...	" 12,960
7. Repayment of old debts and deposits ...	... ...	" 19,965
8. Contribution to the State ...	... ...	" 2,80,000
9. Purchase of property ...	... ...	" 1,374
		<hr/>
		3,48,683

279. The result of the year's settlement operations will appear Settlement, from the figures noted below :—

KINDS OF SETTLEMENT.	ADDITION TO RENTAL.	NAZAR.
1. Railway relinquished land	—	—
2. <i>Kakni</i> and <i>Takshishi</i> settlement in the Comilla Town ...	Rs. 4	Rs. 450
3. Ordinary Town Settlement ...	" 18	" 237
4. <i>Khas Patit</i> ...	" 295	" 803
5. Enhancement of rent ...	" 618	" 4,119
6. Re-settlement of auction purchased holding ...	" 78	" 5,236
7. Settlement of rent free holding	" —	" —
8. <i>Takshishi Taluk</i> in the <i>Moffusil</i> <i>Ijara</i> settlement	" 37	" 886
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	Rs. 1,050	Rs. 11,731

280. This year's addition to rent-roll by settlement operations was smaller than that of the previous year. The fall is attributable to the economic depression amongst the tenants in general who were really unable to pay up *Nazarana* and conclude sanctions.

CHAPTER IX—MISCELLANEOUS.

281. The printing and publication of the *Rajmala* could not make appreciable progress due to the untimely death of its *Rajmala*. editor Babu Kaliprasanna Sen Gupta, Bidyabhushan, on the 10th Magh of the year under review. The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 4,435.

282. In the death of its editor, the State lost the services of an able and devoted editor who was an authority on the State chronicles. He will not only be remembered as the editor and publisher of several volumes of the *Rajmala*, but also as a devoted servant of this State.

connected for a long time with the administration particularly the Revenue Department. The Darbar takes this opportunity to record its appreciation of his services.

283. Rai J. C. Sen Bahadur, Minister was in camp for 66 days Tours of high officials - during the year under review, both in and outside Minister the State

284. Manyabara Rana Bodhjung Baltadur, F. R. G. S., Chief Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja Manikya Bahadur, was in Camp with His Highness in all his tours during the year. Besides this, he visited the Kalyanpur Reserve Area, Kamalpur and Kulai-Haor on inspection for 13 days, and also went out to Calcutta on two occasions in connection with the construction of His Highness's new residence there and stayed at the latter place for 28 days. His tour during the year under review was for 41 days altogether inclusive of the stay in Camp with His Highness.

285. The tours of the Divisional Officers and their assistants are noted below :--

State.

1.	Sadar—					
	Sadar Collector—Thakur Rebati Mohan Deb Barman	...	70	days.		
	Asst. ,,, Kumar Narsingh Chandra Deb Barman Bahadur	...	31	"		
	,, ,,, Babu Jogendra Lal Ganguly, B. L.	...	44	"		
	,, ,,, Kumar Bhupendra Chandra Deb Barman Bahadur, B. A.	...	19	"		
2.	Kailasahar—					
	Divisional Officer—Babu Akhil Chandra Majumdar, M. A., B. L.	...	22	"		
	Second ,,, ,,, Jyotirmoy Ghose, M. A.	...	31	"		
3.	Sonamura—					
	Divisional Officer—Babu Sasanka Bhusan Roy, M. A.	...	58	"		
	Second ,,, ,,, Jogendra Lal Ganguly, B. L.	...	6	"		
	Probationer— Sj. Chandrabhas Singh, B. L.	...	10	"		
4.	Belonia—					
	Divisional Officer—Thakur Gokul Chandra Deb Barman	...	20	"		
	Second ,,, ,,, Kamal Krishna Deb Barman	...	37	"		
5.	Khawai—					
	Divisional Officer—Babu Prabha Ranjan Das Gupta, M. A., B. L.	...	26	"		
6.	Dharmanagar—					
	Divisional Officer—Babu Sarada Charan Sarkar, M. A., B. L.	...	7			

7.	Udaipur— Divisional Officer—Babu Suresh Chandra Chakraborty, B. L.	... 31 days.
8.	Sabroom— Divisional Officer—Thakur Jyotilal Deb Barman, B. L.	... 26 "
9.	Amparpur— Sub Divisional Officer—Thakur Joysing Deb Barman, B. A.	... 51 "

Zemindaries.

1.	Babu Pramada Ranjan Bhattacharjee, B. A., Deputy Manager, Comilla	... 33 days.
2.	Babu Tarit Mohan Gupta, Assistant Manager, Feni	... 30 "
3.	Babu Bisweswar Guha, Assistant Manager, Mogra	... 62 "
4.	Babu Surendra Chandra Guha, B. A., Assistant Manager, Srimangal	... 58 "

DATED, AGARTALA, }
 The 10th December, 1934. }

Jyotilal Chandra Sen,
MINISTER.

APPENDIX.

STATISTICAL RETURNS.

1843 T. E. (1933-34.)

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*List of the principal Laws and Regulations in force in the Tripura State
during 1343 T. E.*

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts,	Whether introduced during the year under report.
CRIMINAL.		
1. Regulation No. III. of 1280 T. E. 2. Regulation No. I. of 1283 T. E. 3. Jail Regulation, 1283 T. E. 4. Regulation No. IV. of 1283 T. E. (Cattle trespass and pound), 5. Regulation No. III. of 1296 T. E. (Police Regulation). 6. Act No. IV. of 1321 T. E.—Penal Laws (an amending Act)		
CIVIL.		
1. Civil Law of 1284 T. E. 2. Rules regarding <i>chit</i> suits (small causes) 1287 and 1300 T. E. 3. Act No. II. of 1313 T. E.—an Act for the regulation of interest on debts. 4. Act No. II. of 1314 T. E.—Limita- tion Act 5. Succession Act II of 1339 T. E.	Partly adapted.	
REVENUE.		
1. Act No. I. of 1290 T. E.—Sale Law 2. Act No. I. of 1296 T. E.—Tenancy Act. 3. Act No. II. of 1296 T. E.— <i>Abkari</i> 4. Act No. II. of 1297 T. E.—Reserved forests. 5. Act No. I. of 1304 T. E.—Duties on <i>hili</i> and cotton. 6. Act No. I. of 1306 T. E.—Registra- tion 7. Survey and Settlement Act, 1309 T. E. 8. <i>Tuccavi</i> Regulation, 1310 T. E. 9. Act No. I. of 1313 T. E.—Forests. 10. Act No. I. of 1314 T. E.—(amending the above) II. A Law imposing export duty on jute and mustard-seed, 1317 T. E. 12. Act No. II. of 1321 T. E. Ghasuri Act 13. P. W. & Road Cess Act IV of 1339 T. E.	Do. Do.	
MISCELLANEOUS.		
1. An Act promulgating certain rules as Law, 1283 T. E. 2. Regulation for the record of judicial decisions &c., 1284 T. E. 3. Municipal Regulation, 1284 T. E. 4. Legal Practitioners' Regulation. 5. Act No. I. of 1297 T. E.—an Act for the regulation of commissions for the examination of witnesses, 6. Regulation against cow slaughter 7. Rules of evidence 8. Act I. of 1318 T. E.—Constitution of Courts—(an amending Act). 9. Leave and allowance Rules 10. Act No. I. of 1321 T. E.—Arms Act 11. Act No. III. of 1321 T. E.—Constitu- tion of Courts (an amending Act)	Do. Do.	

Description.	Whether adapted from British Indian Acts.	Whether introduced during the year under report.
12. Municipal Act No. I of 1322 T. E. 13. Revenue Sale Amendment Act— 1323 T. E.		
14. An Act for the destruction of old records—1323 T. E.		
15. Act I of 1325 T. E.—Regulation regarding Privy Council Appeals.		
16. Act II of 1326 T. E.—Registration of Births and Deaths		
17. Act III of 1326 T. E.—Vaccina- tion Act	Partly adapted.	
18. Act IV of 1326 T. E.—Public De- mands Recovery Act	.. Do.	
19. Act V of 1326 T. E.—Excise Amendment Act	Do.	
20. Act I of 1327 T. E.—Settlement of lands for tea cultivation		
21. Rules of Import and Sale of Opium—1327 T. E.		
22. Regulation No. 1 of 1328 T. E.— regarding Registration of Coolies		
23. Regulation No. 2 of 1328 T. E.— regarding Export of Tea		
24. Act I of 1329 T. E.—(Absconding sepoy's Act)		
25. Act II of 1329 T. E.—(Control of prices of food stuff)		
26. Act III of 1329 T. E.—(Elephants and buffaloes grazing Act)		
27. Act IV of 1329 T. E. - (House tax on Hill tribes)	Do	
28. Act V of 1329 T. E. - (Legal practi- tioners, Act)		
29. Act I of 1332 T. E.—Encumbered Estates Act.		
30. Act III of 1332 T. E.—The Opium and Intoxicating Drugs Act.		
31. Rules and Regulations under the Opium and Intoxicating Drugs Act III of 1332 T. E.		
32. Act I of 1336 T. E.—(Hackney Carriages)		
33. Act II of 1336 T. E.—(Amending Act I of 1327)		
34. Act III of 1336 T. E.—(Amending the Survey & Settlement Regu- lation)		
35. Act IV of 1336 T. E.—(Prevention of gambling)		
36. Act I of 1337 T. E.—(Amending the State Tenancy Act I of 1296 T. E.)		
37. Land Acquisition Rules under Act I of 1337 T. E.		
38. State Motor Vehicles Act I of 1338 T. E.		
39. Act II of 1338 T. E. for prevention of smuggling of elephant tusks.		
40. State Stamp Act III of 1338 T. E. 41. Tripura State Bank Act I of 1339 T. E.		
42. Census Act III of 1339 T. E. 43. Act I of 1342 T. E.—providing for trial of certain criminal cases by Special Tribunal.		
44. Compulsory Primary Education Act II of 1342 T. E.		

II

Statement showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Military Force in Tripura State for 1343 T.E.

Name of service.	NUMBER OF FIGHTING OFFICERS AND MEN.					DETAILS OF FORCE AT THE END OF THE CURRENT YEAR.										REMARKS.
	At the end of last year.		Recruited this year.			Canadian.					Number of men.					
	Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, Etc.	Deserted.	At the end of the current year.	Number of regiments, battalions, or companies, etc.	Number of guns.	European.	Indian.	Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Buglers.	Total cost on account of pay and allowances of the force, including followers.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
Infantry ...	334	161	1	122	1	372	1	644	4	15	27	320	6			
Band Party	18	1	-	-	-	19	-	-	-	-	2	17	-			
Total ...	352	162	1	122	1	394	1	644	4	35	29	337	6	Rs. 1,06,626		

III.

Statement showing the strength, cost, discipline, and education of the Police for the year 1363 T. E.

Description of office.	Number.	Grade of pay.	Total cost.	PUNISHMENTS.			REWARDS.		EDUCATION.		REMARKS.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Punished judicially.	By promotion.	By money.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
				6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	2	3	4	5							
Superintendent of Police	1	Rs. 250-0-0			R. D. S.				1	—	
Asst. Superintendent ,	1	100-5-125			—	—	—	—	1	—	
Inspectors	4	{ 265-5/2-90			—	—	—	2	4	—	
		255-2-65			—	—	—	—	—	—	
Sub-Inspectors	21	25-2-45			2(a)	—	—	—	23	—	
Proby. Sub-Inspector	1	15 Allowance			—	—	—	—	22	—	
Naib Darogas	22	15-1-25			—	0 0	—	—	5	—	
Writer Naib Darogas	5	15-0-0			—	1(b)	—	—	10	—	
Writer Constables	10	15-0-0			—	—	—	—	1	—	
Subedar	1	25-2-45			—	—	—	—	—	—	
Armed S. I.	1	25-2-45			—	—	—	—	6	—	
Jamadars (civil)	6	15-1-25			3 0 0	—	—	—	—	—	
Jamadar (Armed)	1	20-1-30			—	—	—	—	—	—	
Havildar	1	10-1-25			—	1 0 0	—	—	4	—	
Naiks	4	15-1-20			—	1 0 0	—	—	—	—	
Constables (Civil)	220	10 to 13			—	14 3(c) 0	—	17	103	—	
Constables (Armed)	33	14-1-15			—	7 1(d) 0	—	2	20	—	
Chaukidars	175	5-0-0			—	—	—	—	—	3	—
Spies	3	20 and 15			—	—	—	—	207	—	
Total	...	512			27	7 0	—	41	—	—	

F. = Fined.
D. = Degraded.
S. = Suspended.

† Including 5 C. I. D. Naib Darogas and excluding 4 Writer Naib Darogas.

(a) Increment of pay stopped temporarily.

(b) Promotion stopped for 1 year.

(c) Degraded temporarily.

(d) Degraded temporarily.

IV.

Statement showing the working of the Police in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T.E.

State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent up for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested.		Percentage convicted of accused sent up for trial.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
	8	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Tripura State	1,98	1,009	827	623	943	824	323	208	309	178	2696	3339	6060	7021	* Excluding from col. 7 Pending trial— 487 Withdrawn— 35 Compromised— 59 Died— 1 888

V.

Statement showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T.E.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
	8	3	4	3	6	7	8
Tripura State	Rs 18,282-6-0	Rs 12,868-9-9	Rs 2,692-12-9	Rs 1,939-7-0	1473.	1499	

VI.

Statement showing the number of crimes committed, number of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T. E.

Description of offences.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES.									NUMBER OF PERSONS SENTENCED.										TERM OF IMPRISONMENT.										Remarks							
	Balance from Past Year.			Committed During the present Year.			Total.			Number of persons convicted.			Imprisonment.			Imprisonment and fine.			Simple.			Rigorous.			Fine only.			Whipping.			Capital punishment.			Total.			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33				
Class I. Offences against the State, cognizable ...	8	17	25	12	12	83	15	0	5	0	5	5	0	0	0	15	18	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	
public tranquillity, safety and justice, &c., non-cognizable	6	38	44	51	39	12	29	5	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	4	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
Class II. Offences against person, cognizable ...	98	305	401	282	284	117	538	62	2	38	0	5	16	0	1	62	266	0	0	2	11	3	1	9	6	3	2	5	5	0	1	0	0	0	208		
non-cognizable	39	255	294	253	243	51	185	32	1	4	0	0	27	0	0	32	115	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18		
Class III. Offences against property, cognizable ...	209	766	1035	762	763	272	1451	501	4	110	0	15	338	0	0	487	574	0	0	4	21	23	3	53	8	11	9	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	370		
non-cognizable	45	156	201	208	132	64	242	27	0	2	0	0	25	0	0	27	165	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49			
Class IV. Other offences, cognizable ...	43	137	180	182	134	46	238	33	4	17	17	2	44	0	0	84	112	0	0	0	27	0	4	3	3	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	41			
non-cognizable	61	202	353	230	282	71	192	63	1	3	6	1	10	0	0	21	118	0	0	6	2	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51			
Total cognizable	416	1225	1641	1238	1193	448	2380	673	10	170	17	27	423	0	1	648	970	0	7	59	33	8	66	18	17	11	7	5	0	1	0	0	0	112			
Total non-cognizable	151	741	892	742	689	203	623	97	3	9	6	1	65	0	0	84	413	0	1	11	4	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	700			
GRAND TOTAL	567	1960	2533	1980	1832	651	2953	770	13	179	23	28	488	0	1	732	1383	0	8	70	37	10	66	20	17	11	7	5	0	1	0	0	0	112			

VII.

Statement showing the number of offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Tripura State during the year 1363 T.E.

Name of Court.	NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED DURING,		NUMBER OF PERSONS DEALT WITH.							PERSONS DISPOSED OF.						Persons remaining at the end of the year.	REMARKS
			Brought to trial during present year.				Total.			Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped, or transferred &c.			
	Last year.	Present year.	Remaining at the end of last year.	Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntary.	Arrested in presence of the Magistrate.	Last year.	Present year.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Sadar Magistracy	513	602	183	174	127	120	31	—	809	635	170	161	167	12	2	123	
Sonamura	294	293	138	72	75	171	102	2	401	560	160	93	166	12	1	128	
Bilonia	209	184	49	109	45	90	60	7	356	360	52	60	219	7	—	22	
Kailashahar	262	273	150	88	141	88	26	1	505	494	165	83	79	6	1	160	
Khowai	170	167	28	58	6	52	10	—	161	154	23	52	31	14	—	34	
Dharmanagar	312	304	195	41	58	106	33	1	858	434	123	41	26	5	4	235	
Udaipur	235	200	66	32	43	103	9	—	324	253	98	37	35	8	—	75	
Sabrun	45	43	1	19	8	7	24	—	59	59	23	7	17	2	—	10	
TOTAL	2,030	1,966	810	593	503	737	295	11	3,473	2,949	814	514	740	666	8	787	

a. Excluding 4 persons pending before the Court of Sessions at the close of the previous year.

b. The total number of persons for trial before the Court of Sessions, including 4 persons pending from the last year, was 70, of whom 30 were convicted,

35 acquitted 2 escaped and 3 remained under trial at the close of the year.

VIII.

Statement of Criminal cases in which British Subjects were concerned for 1343 T. E.

Cases in which Defendants were British Subjects.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.

		Cases in which Defendants were British Subjects.											
		Cases disposed of.											
		Cases pending since the previous year.						Cases instituted during the year.					
		Total number of cases.						Total number of cases.					
Class I. Offences against the State &c.		cognizable	5	6	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0
		non-cognizable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Class II. Offences against person.		cognizable	6	38	44	13	10	4	27	31	6	9	1
		non-cognizable	3	26	29	4	9	3	22	25	19	3	0
Class III. Offences against property.		cognizable	91	224	315	12	52	91	612	303	70	164	69
		non-cognizable	7	21	28	1	14	7	20	27	13	9	5
Class IV. Other offences		cognizable	10	24	34	1	6	10	23	33	12	13	4
		non-cognizable	5	19	24	2	12	5	17	22	14	8	2
Total cognizable		108	291	399	26	68	106	267	373	89	187	97	42
Total non-cognizable		15	66	81	7	35	15	59	74	46	16	19	14
GRAND TOTAL		123	357	480	33	103	121	336	447	135	203	109	104

REMARKS.

NUMBER BORNE ON THE REGISTER. NUMBER BROUGHT TO TRIAL

Names of Courts

Nature of cases

Sader Magistracy

Criminal breach of trust
Escape from lawful custody
Theft ..
Dacoity ..
Rape ..
Desertion from I. S. P. Unit ..
Cheating ..
Theft and escape from lawful custody

Bilonia ..

Theft ..
Calculated homicide not amounting to murder
Theft and resistance to arrest ..
Theft and causing grievous hurt ..
Theft and causing hurt ..
Theft, resistance to lawful apprehension and murder

Sonepur ..

Theft ..
Grievous hurt ..
Dacoity and mischief ..
Murder ..
Escape from lawful custody

Kailashahar ..

Theft ..
Criminal breach of trust
Kidnapping ..
Escape from lawful custody
Causing grievous hurt

Dharmangar ..

Theft ..
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt ..
Criminal trespass and theft &c. ..
Theft and wrongful confinement ..
Arson and unlawful assembly ..
Escape from lawful custody ..

Khown ..

Theft ..
Kidnapping ..

Udaipur ..

Theft and receiving stolen property
Murder ..

Sabroom ..

Theft ..
Escape from lawful custody ..
Resistance to arrest ..

Total ..

Number of persons at large
at the close of the previous
year.

Number of persons awaiting
trial at the close of the pre-
vious year

Number of persons against
whom warrants were applied
for during the year

Total.

Number of persons arrested
and surrendered within the
year.

Number of persons who ap-
peared of their own accord or
were subsequently arrested
in the State within the year.

Total (Columns 4 + 7 + 8).

Convicted.

Acquitted or discharged.

Number at large at the close of
the year.

Number of persons awaiting trial
at the close of the year.

Adm. One Committed to Sessions. 2 Committed to Sessions. 3 Died.

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X.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T. E.

Tribunals.	Number of Applications.	NUMBER OF PERSONS AND CASES.														
		Applications rejected.		Sentences:						Proceedings unashed.	Referred.		Further enquiry &c, ordered.		Pending.	
				Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.								
		Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Remarks.
Khas Adalat	236	10	5	141	107	65	42	33	18	-	-	-	-	29	26	86 38

Great Work—Nature and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year 1343 T. E.

1

六

Civil Work.—Results of investigation—
XII.

XIII.

Civil Work—Number and results of appeals in civil suits, 1343 T. E.

XIV.

Statement showing the number of persons confined in the jails and lock-ups in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T.E.

Stations.	NUMBER OF PRISONERS.			DAILY AVERAGE			Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Cost of prisoners.	Average in days of period accused under trial.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in jail.
	Number of prisons.	Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.	Past year.	Present year.				
Mangatala	1	100	338	452	438	103	1037	108	14,007	33·5
Sonamura	1	3	265	109	268	3	74	24	1,469	14·62
Bilonia	1	16	231	135	347	332	1436	7	1,277	33·68
Kailashahar	1	5	126	174	131	782	436	7	749	11·92
Dharmanagar	1	8	64	108	72	939	349	2	1,098	14·23
Udaipur	1	17	90	82	107	497	1136	8	1,317	11·35
Sabrum	1	1	50	49	51	13	13	6	763	17·71
Khowai	1	9	70	65	79	288	448	4	955	24·96
TOTAL	8	159	1234	1174	1393	13201	14282	166	21,635	20·24

XV.

Registration of documents in the Tripura State during the year 1383 T.E.

Name of State,	Documents presented for registration including pending from the last year,	NATURE OF DOCUMENTS PRESENTED.						Documents registered.	Value of documents registered.	Documents of which registration has been refused.	Documents remaining unregistered at the end of the year.	REMARKS.								
		Mortgage.	Sale deeds.	Wills.	Money bonds.	Miscellaneous.														
	Total 3 years.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.	Present year.								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12								
Tripura State	... 0,638	0,265	1,352	1,202	3,021	3,513	4	1	78	47	1,239	1,408	6,458	6,118	9,63,565	6,70,981	82	50	98	87

XVI.

Statement showing the receipts and expenditure on account of Registration during the year 1343 T.E.

Description	PAST YEAR			PRESENT YEAR			REMARKS
	Number of deeds.	Value of property,	Fees realised.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realised.	
Mortgages	1,352	Rs. 3,12,385	Rs. 1,364	1,202	Rs. 1,43,948	Rs. 961	
Sale deeds	3,031	4,15,429	2,983	3,513	3,72,998	3,008	
Wills	4	4,500	34	1	-	5	
Money bonds	78	12,394	84	47	8,310	82	
Miscellaneous	1,239	2,31,567	1,647	1,406	1,67,239	1,645	
Total ...	5,594	9,96,275	6,112	6,169	6,92,895	5,701	
Total Expenditure ...	-	-	3,452	-	-	3,574	
Net Income ...	-	-	2,660	-	-	2,127	

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Receipts and expenditure of the Municipalities in the Tripura State during the year 1383 T.E.

XVIII.

Statement of rainfall in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T.E.

STATE.	Baisak.	Jaiṣth.	Aṣar.	Sravan.	Bhadra.	Asvin.	Kartik.	Agrahayan.	Pous.	Magh.	Falgun.	Chait.	Total.	Total of past year.	Average of past 5 years.	REMARKS.
Tripura State ...	6'36	14'72	14'51	16'43	18'69	4'30	7'6	1'1	'09	5'51	1'54	83'02	70'56	85'44		MAX

Maximum in Salgoon—85'41"

Minimum in Amarpur—65'71"

XIX.

Statement as to the prices of staple food-grains for the year 1343 T. E.

Articles.	Price per maund during Chat,			Price per maund during chait, 1343 T. E.			REMARKS
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	
(1) RICE							
Maximum	3	2	0	4	8	0	x
Minimum	1	6	0	2	4	0	x
(2) PADDY							
Maximum	2	0	0	2	8	0	.
Minimum	0	10	0	1	0	0	

XX.

Expenditure on Public Works during the year 1383 T.E.

Description of work	STATE FUNDS.			LOCAL FUNDS.			Total,	REMARKS.
	Original.	Repairs	Total	Original.	Repairs.	Total		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.		
Buildings—								
Ordinary Budget	15,724	46,149	61,873	—	—	—	61,873	
Improvement "	22,994	—	22,994	—	—	—	22,994	x
Roads and Bridges—								
Ordinary Budget	445	6,472	6,917	—	—	—	6,917	
Improvement "	34,228	—	34,228	—	—	—	34,228	
Tanks and Tubewells—								
Ordinary Budget	350	435	785	1,155	—	1,155	1,940	*Out of the total expenditure Rs. 6963 was spent for ordinary public works and Rs. 71,841 for improvement works and Rs. 1,305 on sanitation works.
Improvement "	2,180	—	2,180	—	—	—	2,180	
Miscellaneous works—								
Ordinary Budget	2,656	1,400	4,056	—	—	—	4,056	
Improvement "	13,744	—	13,744	—	—	—	13,744	
Total	92,321	54,456	1,46,777	1,155	—	1,155	1,47,932	
Minor works at the Rajbari (Karkhana)								
Establishment charges	—	991	991	—	—	—	991	
	—	—	17,876	—	—	—	17,876	
GRAND TOTAL	92,321	55,447	1,65,644	1,155	—	1,155	1,66,799*	

XXI.

*Statement showing the number of excise shops and excise revenue of the Tripura State
during the year 1343 T. E.*

Name of State.	COUNTRY SPIRIT.		COUNTRY SPIRIT, OPIUM AND GANJA.		OPIUM AND GANJA.		TARI		TOTAL		REMARKS.
	Number of shops.	Revenue demand.	Number of shops.	Revenue demand.	Number of shops.	Revenue demand.	Number of shops.	Revenue demand.	Number of shops.	Revenue realised.	
Tripura State	-	-	33	Rs. 34,932	-	-	-	-	33	Rs. 41,664	x

Note - Cost of Departmental management of some shops amounted to Rs. 11,992.

All.

Statement of Medical Relief^{} afforded in the Tripura State during the year 1343 T.E.*

DISPENSARY.	NUMBER OF PATIENTS TREATED. (new)		RESULTS OF IN-DOOR PATIENTS. (new)				DAILY AVERAGE. (old + new)			NO. OF SURGICAL OPERATIONS PERFORMED.		NO. OF PERSONS VACCINATED DURING THE YEAR.			REMARKS.		
	Outdoor.	InDoor.	Discharged or dis- charged otherwise	Relieved	Remaining under treatment.	Died.	Expenditure.	Outdoor.	InDoor.	Total.	Major.	Minor.	Total.	Success- fully.	Unsuccess- fully.	Total.	
1. Victoria Memorial Hospital ..	21,495	518	379	92	39	8	Rs. 9,943	115.56	1691	132.47	2	347	349	843	410	1,258	
2. Palace Dispensary	6,408	0	0	0	0	0	5,736	39.43	0	39.43	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3. Homoeopathic	17,583	0	0	0	0	0	2,333	91.62	0	91.62	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4. Dhalawar	8,401	0	0	0	0	0	1,357	53.51	0	53.51	0	38	38	0	0	0	
5. Kunjaban	2,116	314	293	13	0	8	2,023	16.75	612	22.87	0	11	11	101	176	277	* This Statement excludes figures regarding Kaviraji treatment.
6. Old Agartala	5,742	0	0	0	0	0	1,531	41.22	0	41.22	0	44	44	597	152	749	
7. Bishalgar	7,861	0	0	0	0	0	1,408	33.22	0	33.22	0	46	46	616	91	697	
8. Sonamura	8,251	8	4	2	0	0	1,939	34.48	14	34.32	5	149	154	428	46	474	
9. Radhakishorpur	11,009	0	0	0	0	0	1,548	44.85	0	44.85	5	125	130	764	153	917	
10. Amarpur	3,063	0	0	0	0	0	1,014	16.76	0	16.76	0	21	21	266	38	304	
11. Sabroom	3,026	3	2	1	0	0	1,463	17.19	13	17.32	0	53	53	241	31	275	
12. Bilonia	6,473	3	3	0	0	0	1,909	38.49	24	38.73	0	74	74	508	53	566	
13. Khowai	7,019	0	0	0	0	0	1,023	24.94	0	24.94	0	82	82	92	53	135	
14. Kalashahar	7,046	13	10	2	1	0	1,919	39.91	63	40.54	5	58	63	332	74	406	
15. Kamalpur	3,922	0	0	0	0	0	1,236	23.18	0	23.18	1	51	52	373	112	485	
16. Kulai Howar	2,798	0	0	0	0	0	367	9.45	0	9.45	0	16	16	0	0	0	
17. Kalyanpur	1,430	0	0	0	0	0	616	4.20	0	4.20	0	0	0	211	20	231	
18. Dharmnagar	5,862	30	16	12	1	1	1,284	32.10	121	33.31	2	85	87	268	45	313	
Total	81,30,193	887	707	122	41	17	39,164	674.56	2538	699.94	20	1,210	1,230	5,633	1,449	7,087	

XXIII.

Vital statistics of the Tripura State for the year 1343 T. E.^{*}

STATE	Population.	BIRTHS.				DEATHS.				RATIO PER 1,000 OF POPULATION.				REMARKS.
		Past year.	Present year.	Increase.	Decrease	Past year.	Present year.	Increase.	Decrease	Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.	
Tripura State ...	3,81,861	3,136	3,406	270	-	3,091	3,753	662	-	8.21	8.91	8.09	9.81	

* This shows the number of births and deaths so far as registered.

XXIV.

Education Return (A)—Particulars as to the schools maintained during the year 1343 T.E.

NUMBER OF SCHOOLS.	Class of Schools.	NUMBER OF PUPILS ON THE ROLLS ON THE LAST DAY OF CHAIT.		AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE.	
		Past year.	Present year.	Past year.	Present year.
6	High English Schools ... (including one Branch H. E. School).	1,410	1,488	1,106'55	1,150'15
8	Middle English Schools for boys ...	983	1,092	762'22	883'58
1	Middle English School for girls ...	89	77	66'33	62'81
1	Higher Vernacular School for boys	77	—	62'02	—
23	* Lower Vernacular Schools for Boys	1,413	1,255	1,104'48	1,013'7
87	* Pathsalas for boys ...	2,666	2,183	1,957'19	1,733'04
9	Do for girls ...	273	319	226'72	240'11
Special Schools:-					
4	Compulsory Free Primary Schools	418	508	242'32	282'61
7	Madrasas and Muktabas ...	388	235	300'82	183'60
4	Sanskrit Tols ...	39	50	30'01	38'27
1	Artisan School & Silpasram ...	23	22	10'54	10'25
1	Jail Reformatory School ...	21	20	19'45	19'45
TOTAL	152	7,800	7,249†	5,888'65	5,617'57

† In some of these schools boys and girls read together. The fall in the numerical strength was due to the closing of some of the Schools.

‡ Excluding students of private Schools.

XXV.

Education Return (B) Race of Students, 1343 T. E.

Names of Divisions.	No. of Schools,			No. of Students.			Race.								Average daily attendance.											
	For boys.		For girls.	Total.	Private schools.		Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Students of private schools.		Total.	Rajkumars.	Thakurs.	Manipuris.	Tripuras.	Bengalees.	Others.	Rangs.	Chaknes.	Kukis.	Lusais.	Muslimmans.	Christians.	Boys.	Girls.
					Boys.	Girls.				Boys.	Girls.															
1. Sadar Division	51	2	53	9	2,366	396	2,762	250	3,012	5	269	130	590	1,161	18	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	586	0	1,834.83	278.21
2. Kailashabar	22	3	25	10	1,047	184	1,231	275	1,506	0	1	330	5	641	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	254	0	821.64	133.98
3. Sonamura	19	1	20	3	913	95	1,008	112	1,120	0	8	1	55	220	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	724	0	737.49	72.88
4. Bilonia	8	1	9	2	576	45	621	62	683	0	0	0	29	391	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	198	0	459.87	34.9
5. Khowai	6	1	7	2	301	17	318	69	387	0	0	33	184	73	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	230.15	12.13
6. Dharmanagar	13	1	14	7	583	77	660	182	842	0	0	74	3	437	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133	0	434.3	64.69
7. Udaipur	9	1	10	3	380	18	398	77	475	0	3	0	62	153	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	180	0	306.61	44.63
8. Sabrum	6	0	6	1	202	12	214	31	245	0	0	0	44	124	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	44	0	152.95	8.97
9. Amarpur Sub-division	1	0	1	2	31	6	37	35	72	0	1	0	5	16	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	15.53	3.81
TOTAL	135	10	145	39	6,309	850	7,249	1,093	8,342	5	282	568	977	3,216	44	13	1	1	1	2,141	0	4,993.37	624.20			

N. B.—In the Sub-columns under "Race" the number of students of private schools is not included.

APPENDIX XXVI (A)
Statement of Audited Receipts for the year 1343 T. E.
State.

Heads of Revenue	1342 T. E.		1343 T. F.		REMARKS
	Revised Estimate	Actuals	Revised Estimate	Actuals	
1. Land Revenue	4,15,000	4,18,825	4,38,000	4,50,707	
2 Kents of markets	6,000	6,477	6,000	6,137	
3 Family tax in the hills	43,000	45,459	45,000	46,960	
4 Toll on Forest Produce	3,50,000	3,85,192	3,28,000	3,20,852	
5 Do on the Peni River	30,000	28,086	28,000	27,073	
6 Elephant and Buffalo grazing mehals	6,000	6,003	6,000	8,041	
7 Thatching grass mehals	4,000	3,379	3,900	2,858	
8 Reserved Sal trees	8,000	1,975	8,500	3,894	
9 Tax on cotton and Oil seeds	1,10,000	1,10,010	1,17,000	1,06,839	
10 Royalty on elephants caught	1,000	1,628	3,000	2,616	
11 Adda mehal	20,000	22,409	23,000	21,435	
12 Excise	10,000	40,279	48,000	41,654	
13 Stamps and Court fees	66,000	66,615	64,000	61,514	
14 Law and Justice (fines)	3,000	2,274	2,200	2,358	
15 Process Fees	12,000	11,650	10,500	10,154	
16 Registration	7,000	5,889	5,500	6,095	
17 Jail	2,000	2,111	5,000	4,770	
18 Cattle pounds	5,000	4,349	4,000	3,747	
19 Mazars	27,000	25,663	28,000	29,620	
20 School Fees	14,000	14,086	14,000	14,566	
21 Duty on Tea ..	11,000	9,318	11,000	12,580	
22 Duty on jute ..	31,000	31,388	31,000	31,964	
23 Personal Howlays recovered	2,000	1,319	—	—	
24 Miscellaneous	42,000	43,974	45,000	43,154	
25 Depreciation Contribution	70,000	80,850	81,000	77,224	
Total	13,20,000	13,49,108	13,50,000	13,39,810	
26. Deposits	3,01,897	3,11,572	1,97,000	2,14,494	
27. Contribution from Chakla ...	2,75,000	2,50,000	2,80,000	2,40,000	
28 Loan from Government	—	—	9,00,000	9,00,000	
Total	18,98,897	19,10,680	27,17,000	27,34,304)
Opening Balance —					
Cash	1,14,250	1,14,250	1,58,879	1,44,444	
Advances	2,61,681	2,61,681	2,45,682	2,46,408	
Loans	2,75,084	2,75,084	2,74,982	2,75,231	
Total	6,51,015	6,51,015	6,77,463	6,66,089	
Grand Total	25,47,912	25,61,865	33,94,193	31,00,387	

APPENDIX XXVI. (B)

Statement of Audited Expenditure for the year 1343 T. E.

State.

Heads of Expenditure.	1342 T. E.		1343 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Revised estimate.	Actuals.	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	
1. Controlling Charges	71,715	69,784	88,196	84,862	
2. Revenue General ...	79,922	75,825	99,750	88,886	
3. Survey & Settlement	18,073	19,029	37,315	36,545	
4. Tahasil ...	44,322	43,071	47,650	40,007	
5. Registration ...	4,119	3,129	3,882	3,574	
6. Police ...	85,739	85,242	87,690	86,836	
7. Judicial ...	36,518	36,060	33,335	32,056	
8. Jail ...	23,048	21,804	23,738	23,384	
9. Forest ...	42,325	41,092	47,978	46,159	
10. Medical ...	64,909	64,070	65,899	65,329	
11. Municipality ...	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	
12. Education General ...	1,28,984	1,28,441	1,30,798	1,25,021	
13. (a) Public Works ...	86,896	79,899	93,454	92,496	
(b) Improvement ...	30,000	26,499	72,250	71,841	
14. Electric Light ...	19,366	17,125	16,332	16,002	
15. Small Donations ...	300	286	225	318	
16. Relief to distressed subjects ...	300	30	300	282	
17. Purchase of Landed Property ...	1,000	711	10,260	10,021	
18. Repayment of Deposits ...	1,91,200	1,90,957	60,000	59,311	
19. Interest on Deposits	—	—	30,000	28,848	
20. Unforeseen charges...	7,500	4,792	7,500	7,263	
21. Pension ...	40,000	38,578	49,500	49,485	
22. Advisory Council ...	1,320	1,320	—	—	
23. Chief Secretary's Office & H. H.'s Tour	98,360	98,341	1,42,724	1,41,747	
24. Palace Sultanat ...	26,171	26,062	45,818	45,714	
25. Zoo ...	5,600	4,881	3,769	3,769	
26. Agriculture, Commerce and Industries	8,211	7,860	8,165	7,929	
27. Publicity, Reclamation & Immigration ...	1,030	987	3,030	2,843	
28. H. H.'s Private Secretary's Office ...	8,500	8,344	8,900	8,866	
29. Rajmala Office ...	4,000	3,895	5,200	4,435	
30. Military Secretary's Office ...	3,000	2,990	3,240	3,220	
31. Military ...	1,18,222	98,016	1,18,222	1,06,826	
32. Nijtahabil ...	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	1,00,000	
33. Adjustment of irrecoverable advances...	10,000	10,000	940	924	
34. Census ...	500	359	500	370	
35. Repayment of old Debts ...	1,34,468	1,33,649	5,50,000	4,81,818	
36. Sansar Charges ...	3,89,682	3,76,790	4,18,849	4,16,619	
37. Salary for the discharged officers ...	40,600	40,910	—	—	
38. Expenditure for the treatment of Maharaj Kumari Basanta Prava...	30,000	30,000	32,919	32,800	
39. H. H.'s special donation ...	—	—	5,000	5,000	
40. Sanitation ...	—	—	1,400	1,305	
Total ...	19,65,090	18,95,612	24,60,783	23,48,173	
Closing balance :—					
Cash ...	56,057	1,44,444	1,06,000	1,88,197	
Advances ...	2,51,681	2,46,408	2,03,061	1,73,407	
Loans issued ...	2,75,084	2,75,291	2,75,669	2,75,428	
Working balance ...	—	—	3,50,000	4,15,182	
Total ...	6,88,823	6,66,063	9,33,780	10,52,314	
Grand Total ...	25,47,912	26,61,666	33,94,498	34,00,387	

APPENDIX XXVII. (A)

~~Statement of Audited Receipts for the year 1343 T. E.~~

Chakla Roshnabad Estates:

Heads of Receipts.	1342 T. E.		1343 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Revised Estimate	Actuals.	Revised Estimate	Actuals.	
1. Rent and Cess ...	8,21,000	8,31,818	8,38,000	8,86,198	
2. Cess for Rent free holdings ...	7,000	6,950	8,000	8,217	
3. Law charges recovered	62,000	38,414	54,000	38,576	
4. Misc. receipts including deposits ...	48,000	50,605	84,000	46,911	
5. Refund of loans and advances ...	1,000	1,579	1,000	987	
Total ...	9,30,000	9,20,386	9,85,000	9,82,689	
Opening Balance :—					
Cash ...	92,027	92,027	98,936	97,853	
Advance ...	1,12,100	1,12,301	1,05,000	1,11,250	
Loans issued ...	73,657	73,618	73,057	80,435	
Bank deposits ...	1,36,188	1,36,188	31,331	49,651	
Total ...	4,13,872	4,14,185	3,86,324	3,89,198	
Grand Total ...	13,43,672	13,43,501	13,08,324	13,22,087	

APPENDIX XXVII. (B)
Statement of Audited Expenditure for the year 1343 T. E.
Chakla Roshnabad Estates.

Heads of Expenditure.	1342 T. E.		1343 T. E.		REMARKS.
	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	Revised Estimate.	Actuals.	
i. 1. Revenue and Cess ...	2,76,000	2,73,821	2,95,835	2,88,830	
2. Establishment ...	1,42,000	1,40,737	1,44,523	1,38,759	
3. Settlement ...	1,300	896	1,440	1,188	
4. Legal Expenses ...	1,08,780	1,04,882	1,17,809	1,17,193	
5. Education ...	8,300	8,086	9,354	8,982	
6. Medical ...	11,778	11,156	12,804	11,737	
7. Public Works ...	50,650	50,491	61,200	60,335	
8. Religious Expenses ...	6,800	6,471	6,800	6,339	
9. Miscellaneous ...	3,000	2,508	6,000	5,629	
10. Loans and Advances ...	1,000	837	1,000	600	
11. Pension and Gratuity ...	8,500	7,925	10,500	9,980	
12. Forest ...	700	542	700	599	
13. Purchase of property ...	3,740	3,630	2,000	1,374	
14. Unforeseen ...	1,200	1,195	1,000	671	
ii. Sansar ...	12,980	12,980	12,980	12,980	
iii. Donation ...	4,617	4,540	6,750	6,746	
v. State Contribution ...	2,75,000	2,50,000	2,80,000	2,80,000	
v. Repayment of debts ...	1,11,970	1,09,503			
vi. Refund of old deposits ...	20,164	14,123	20,000	19,985	
Total ...	10,48,459	10,04,303	9,90,825	9,71,807	
Closing Balance :—					
Cash ...	81,893	97,853	1,02,719	1,04,342	
Advances ...	1,06,000	1,11,259	1,04,780	1,15,477	
Loans issued ...	73,057	80,435	73,000	78,859	
Bank deposits ...	35,463	49,661	32,000	51,542	
Total ...	2,95,413	3,30,196	3,12,499	3,50,220	
Grand Total ...	18,43,872	18,42,501	18,03,924	18,22,087	

